

Supplement: Corporations (1120)

# Drake Software User's Manual

Tax Year 2013

**Supplement: Corporations** (1120)

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ii Tax Year 2013

# **Table of Contents**

What's New in Drake for Corporations
Calculation Results Window    1      Searchable Selector Field    2
Before You Start
Updating a Prior-Year Return in Drake
Converting from Another Return Type
Filing Form 1120-C or 1120-H
Header Information
Name and Address
Tax Year5
Boxes A through E
Income and Deductions5
Gross Receipts
Cost of Goods Sold (Form 1125-A) 6
Dividends (Schedule C)
Interest
Rents and Royalties
Capital Gains
Ordinary Gains and Losses
Other Income (Loss)
Compensation of Officers (Form 1125-E)
Salaries and Wages9
Repairs and Maintenance
Bad Debts         10
Rents
Taxes and Licenses
Interest
Charitable Contributions
Depreciation
Depletion
Advertising
Pension and Profit-Sharing
Domestic Production Activities
Other Deductions
NOL Carrybacks and Carryforwards
Tax, Refundable Credits, and Payments
Total Tax
Estimated Taxes and Applied Refunds
Direct Deposit of Refunds14
Electronic Funds Withdrawal (Direct Debit)
Program Defaults and Overrides
Required Information
Withdrawal from Multiple Accounts

Filing an Extension	. 15
Signing the Return	. 16
Amending a Return	. 16
Schedule K. Schedule K, Line 3 Schedule K, Line 4 Schedule K, Line 5 Schedule K, Line 7 Schedule K, Line 13	. 17 . 18 . 18 . 19
Schedule K-1	. 19
State-Specific Information Resident State Other States Contact Information	. 20 . 20
Other Information and Overrides	. 22
Schedule L (Balance Sheet per Books)	. 23 . 23
Schedules M-1 and M-3 (Reconciliation of Income per Books)	. 25
Schedule M-2 (Unappropriated Retained Earnings)	
Schedule O (Controlled Group Information).  AMT Adjustments and Other Items.  Types of Controlled Groups.  Line 5, Apportionment Plan Status.	. 27 . 27
Credits and Adjustments	. 28
Adjusting Charitable Contributions/NOL	. 29
Elections	. 30
Making Changes on the Fly Suppressing/Forcing Documents Calculation and Other Options Overriding Other Setup Options Guide to Overrides and Adjustments	. 31 . 32 . 32
Electronic Filing	. <b>33</b>
Special Types of Returns	. 34

iv Tax Year 2013

Electing a 52-53—Week Year (Initial Return)	34
Inactive Returns	35
Binary Attachments	35
The PDF Attachment Process	
Printing Generated Documents	37
Form 3115, Application for Change in Accounting Method	38
Accessing Screens for Changing Accounting Method	
Form 3115 Screens	
Schedule E	45
Attachments	46
Importing Trial Balance Information	48
Preparing to Use Trial Balance Import	48
Preparing Financial Data for Import	50
Entering Financial Data	
Saving a File	
Importing Data into a Return	
Special Conditions	54
Appendix A: Trial Balance Import	A-1
Index	vii

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vi Tax Year 2013

# **Corporations (1120)**

The basics of data entry for a corporation (1120, 1120-C, 1120-H) return are the same as for a 1040 return. Field- and screen-level help, shortcut keys, and navigation throughout data entry all function as they do in the 1040 program. See the *Drake Software User's Manual: Tax Year 2013* for the basics of using the program.

# What's New in Drake for Corporations

Drake programs its tax software according to the latest IRS rules and regulations. The 2013 program reflects all changes to credits and deductions, including discontinuations. For details on the new regulations for the 2013 tax year, see the IRS instructions for Form 1120.

#### **Calculation Results Window**

Several new indicators of e-file eligibility are now available in the enhanced **Calculation Results** window in all Drake's tax software packages.

As always, a green check mark is displayed in the **EF Status** column of the **Calculation Results** window (see Figure 1) when the default product (Form 1120) is eligible for e-file, and a red X is displayed when the product has EF messages keeping it from being e-file-eligible.

New EF indicators have been added to the **Calculation Results** window to tell you if a return has already been accepted, if it is being suppressed by an option you chose, if it is not e-file-eligible because you did not select it for e-file, or if a type of return is not available for e-file. The status of extensions is displayed for all packages now.

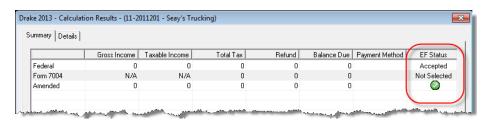


Figure 1: More indicators are now available in the EF Status column

For details on the **Calculation Results** window, see Chapter 6, "Return Results," of the *Drake Software User's Manual: Tax Year 2013* 

#### Searchable Selector Field

The selector field, located at the bottom of all **Data Entry Menus** (Figure 2) can now search for screens by screen code, name, or keyword.

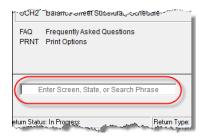


Figure 2: Searchable selector field

You can still enter a screen code, state abbreviation, or form number in the selector field and press ENTER to open a particular screen, but for those times when you can't remember the screen code or form number or on which tab of the **Data Entry Menu** the screen is located, you can now search for the screen with keywords or phrases.

For details, see "Searchable Selector Field" in Chapter 3, "Basics," of the *Drake Software User's Manual: Tax Year 2013*.

#### Electronic Signatures (e-Sign)

Drake's 2013 tax software supports electronic signature pads that allow taxpayers and tax preparers to digitally sign authorization forms and consent forms, such as Form 8879-C, IRS e-file Signature Authorization, the Account Transaction Summary (DD\_SUMM in View mode), and Form PMT, the ACH Payment authorization.

The e-Signing process takes place in Drake's View/Print mode.

Go to our online store at *http://drake.computimeonline.com/* for details or to purchase a the Drake-recommended e-pad.

For details on e-Signature, see "Electronic Signatures" in Chapter 6, "Return Results," of the *Drake Software User's Manual: Tax Year 2013*.

# Changing Accounting Method

For corporations changing their accounting method, Form 3115 must be attached as a PDF file. We have included an EF message that will automatically generate the PDF button on the View mode toolbar so that the preparer can attach the form as a PDF. (For instructions on attaching a PDF to a return, see "The PDF Attachment Process" on page 35, read the Screen Help or the instructions on any **PDF** screen, or read the "Attaching a PDF Document" article on the **FAQ** screen.)

See "Form 3115, Application for Change in Accounting Method" on page 38 for details on changing accounting methods.

#### Foreign Addresses

Additional foreign address fields have been added to screens.

#### M-1 Worksheet

Worksheet WK\_M1C explains the depreciation and amortization adjustments flowing to Forms M-1 and M-3.

#### Screen D

Lines have been changed to accommodate new Schedule D lines: 1a and 8a for transactions in which basis has been reported to the IRS and no adjustments are required.

# Contact information

New e-mail, cell phone number, and fax number fields have been added to screen 1. These fields are for reporting purposes and are not included in the e-file record, but the e-mail address entered here will be the default address assigned to any e-mail you send to the client through Drake's e-mail program.

#### Required Fields

Fields that are required to be completed before a return is eligible for e-file are now highlighted in blue.

# Bank Secrecy Act

Due to new U.S. Treasury Department regulations, all Bank Secrecy Act (BSA) forms must be completed online. This includes the FBAR, Report of Foreign Bank and Financial Accounts (formerly known as Form 90-22.1). In Drake, screen **FBAR** (or screen **9022**) contains a link to the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network's BSA e-Filing System's website.

# **IMPORTANT**

Allow yourself time to read and understand all the information available on the BSA website and to register as a BSA e-filer.

# Bonus Depreciation

For the 2013 tax year:

- Assets placed in service in 2013 50% bonus depreciation
- Assets placed in service in 2014 0% bonus depreciation

#### **Before You Start**

Actions you might need to take before starting a 1120 return in Drake include:

- Updating a prior-year return (if you prepared the tax return last year)
- Changing a return from another type of return to an 1120, if the corporation has made such a change in the last year

# **Updating a Prior-Year Return in Drake**

A prior-year return can be updated in three ways:

- As a single return (updated one at a time) using Last Year Data > Update Clients
   2012 to 2013 (recommended)
- When you open a return for the first time in the 2013 program and are prompted to update it
- With all other returns in the program using Last Year Data > Update Clients
   2012 to 2013 (not recommended)

When you update an 1120 return that was marked "final" the previous year, the program informs you that the return was marked final before prompting you to proceed.

# **Converting from Another Return Type**

If the corporation is electing to become an 1120 corporation after existing as another type of entity (S corporation, partnership, etc.), it is necessary to indicate this in the program.

To change from another type of entity to an 1120 corporation in the program:

- 1. From the Home window, select Tools > File Maintenance > Change File Type.
- **2.** Enter the EIN of the entity and click **Continue**.
- **3.** Select the new return type.
- **4.** Click **Continue** to save the change.
- 5. Click OK.

### Filing Form 1120-C or 1120-H

No preliminary steps are required for Forms 1120-C or 1120-H. Use the same screens you might for an 1120 return, but include one of the following screens in addition:

- 20C For Form 1120-C, U.S. Income Tax Return for Cooperative Associations
- H For Form 1120-H, U.S. Income Tax Return for Homeowners Associations

If one of these screens contains data, the program automatically produces the type of return indicated. For example, if a deduction is entered on screen **20C**, an 1120-C return will be produced.



Is Form 1120-C or 1120-H being produced in error? Check the corresponding screen (**20C** or **H**) for data entered. To delete a screen, open the screen and press CTRL+D.

# **Header Information**

Screen 1 contains fields for the general information that is printed in the top section of page 1 of Form 1120 (or Form 1120-C or 1120-H, as applicable).

#### Name and Address

Use screen 1 to enter the corporation's name and address for Form 1120. For state purposes only, if the corporation has an alternate address (such as a P.O. box), you can enter that address on screen 2, **State General Information**, in the **Address Line 2** field at the bottom of the screen.



The screen **2**, **State General Information** link is located on the **States** tab of the **Data Entry Menu**. You can also type 2 into the selector field and press ENTER.

#### Tax Year

The software uses the calendar year as the default tax period for all corporate returns; no date entries are required on screen 1 for a December 31 tax year end.

# Fiscal and Calendar Years

If the corporation uses a fiscal year (where the year begins in the current calendar year and ends in the next), specify the beginning and ending dates in the **If not calendar year** section in the lower-left corner of screen 1.

NOTE

The program adjusts calculations for depreciation and for gains and losses on sales of assets based on the entity's tax year.

For information on filing with a 52-53—week year, see "Electing a 52-53—Week Year (Initial Return)" on page 34.

#### Short-Year Returns

An entity may have a short-year return if the entity is changing accounting periods with IRS approval (Form 3115), or if this is its first or last year in business and the tax year is not a full year.

To indicate a short-year return, use the fiscal year date fields on screen 1 to indicate the beginning and ending dates for the current year.

If filing a short-year return (other than an initial or final return), you have to provide an explanation. To do so, go to the **ELEC** screen and select an explanation from the **Other short year reason** drop list. Your explanation will be displayed at the top of the first page of the tax return. If you do not select an explanation, an EF message will be generated with the return, and the return cannot be e-filed.

Note

For more information on short-year explanations, see IRS Pub. 4163.

The program may not correctly calculate depreciation, gains, or losses for a short-year return. Depreciation for a short-year return can be entered on screen **4562** and/or screens **6**, **7**, **8**, and **9**.

# **Boxes A through E**

Use screen 1 to enter most information for boxes A through E (top of Form 1120). Note that boxes A-4 ("Schedule M-3 attached") and D ("Total assets") are completed automatically by the program based on data entered elsewhere.

Note

Box 1a ("Consolidated return") is automatically marked if there are entries on screen **851** (Form 851, Affiliations Schedule). Box A-2 ("Personal holding company") is automatically marked if there are entries on screen **PH** (Schedule PH, U.S. Personal Holding Company (PHC) Tax).

# **Income and Deductions**

Only three screens are required in order to calculate taxable income for a return:

- INC Includes all items of income reported on Form 1120, page 1, lines 1 through 10, that do not require a separate schedule (Schedule C) or additional information (Income reported on Form 1065, Schedule K-1); also includes taxexempt interest income reported on the Schedule K.
- **DED** Includes all deduction items reported on Form 1120, page 1, lines 13 through 26, that do not require a separate schedule or form (Form 4562).
- **J** Includes loss carrybacks, controlled group tax bracket amounts, tax payment information, and certain credits.

#### **Gross Receipts**

Enter gross receipts (Form 1120, line 1a) and returns and allowances (Form 1120, line 1b) on lines 1a and 1b of the **INC** screen. Exclude any amounts that are to be reported on lines 4 through 10 of Form 1120.

# **Cost of Goods Sold (Form 1125-A)**

Enter the cost of goods sold (COGS) on screen **A**. Form 1125-A is not produced unless entries are made on screen **A**.

Note

On screen **A**, items 9a through 9f are direct-entry fields and follow the format of IRS Form 1125-A. For more information on completing these fields, press F1 or consult the IRS instructions.

#### **Inventory**

Inventory amounts entered on lines 1 and 7 of screen A automatically flow to Schedule L, line 3 ("Inventories")

Notes

Lines 1 and 7 of screen **A** are adjustment fields. Amounts entered in these fields adjust (add to or subtract from) any amount being carried from the **F** screen (Form 1040, Schedule F, Profit or Loss from Farming) to line 2 of Form 1120.

The fields on screen **L** (**Schedule L - Balance Sheet - Assets**) for line 3 "Inventories" are override fields. Anything entered in these fields overrides (replaces) the data entered for inventory on screen **A**.

# Line 5, Other Costs

Line 5, "Other costs," is designated for any applicable costs not entered on lines 2 through 4 (purchases, cost of labor, and additional section 263A costs). In Drake, two data-entry fields are used to complete line 5: one for other costs excluding depreciation, and one for depreciation (Figure 3).

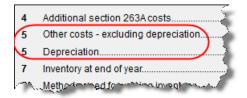


Figure 3: Screen A (Schedule A), line 5

In the "Depreciation" field, enter any depreciation that relates to the cost of goods sold (unless the amount is flowing from the **4562** (**Depreciation - Detail Items**) screen with **COGS** selected from the **For** drop list). Note that this field of screen **A** is an override field; an entry here overrides calculations from the **4562** screen. Amounts entered in this field automatically adjust the total depreciation that is carried to page 1 of Form 1120. An entry in the "Other costs - excluding depreciation" field opens a CTRL+W worksheet. The depreciation amount is included on the statement for other costs and should not be included in the "Other costs - excluding depreciation" worksheet.

#### Importing Trial Balance to Sch A

If using the trial balance import feature (see "Importing Trial Balance Information" on page 48), enter depreciation amounts directly into the appropriate fields on the trial balance worksheet, *not* in the fields in data entry. When the trial balance is imported, the COGS depreciation expense amount flows directly to the appropriate line of Form 1125-A and is calculated accordingly.

#### **Dividends (Schedule C)**

Enter dividends and special deductions on screen C (Schedule C). The Dividends Received Deduction Worksheet (WK\_DRD) is generated from data entered in these fields. The result of the WK\_DRD is carried to Schedule C of the return. The total from Schedule C, line 19, column A, is carried to Form 1120, line 4 ("Dividends"), and the total from Schedule C, line 20, column C, is carried to Form 1120, line 29b ("Special deductions").



If the corporation is filing a consolidated return, do not enter non-included dividends here or anywhere else in the program.

#### Interest

Line 5 of Form 1120 is for interest income, which is entered on the **INC** screen. Note that the **Interest income** field is an adjustment field; an amount entered there is combined with the interest amount, if any, entered on screen **6252** (Form 6252, Installment Sale Income) and interest income entered on screen **K1P** (Schedule K-1, Form 1065).

Enter *tax-exempt* interest income on the **INC** screen. This amount flows, as applicable, to Schedule K, line 9, and to Schedule M-1, line 7. Override fields are available on screens **K** and **M1** if necessary to override the **INC** screen amount.

# Rents and Royalties

Enter gross rents and gross royalties using the direct-entry fields on the **INC** screen. Line 7, "Gross royalties" is an adjustment field. Any amount entered here adjusts amounts flowing from line 7 of screen **K1P**.

Note that passive activity loss rules may be applied to rental activities held by a closely held corporation or a personal service corporation.

#### **Capital Gains**

Use screen **8949** to enter capital gains and losses. Short-term capital gains flow to Part I, lines 1b-2, of Schedule D. Long-term capital gains flow to Part II, lines 8b-9, of Schedule D. (*New for 2013*: Lines 1a and 8a have been changed to accommodate transactions in which basis has been reported to the IRS and no adjustments are required.) The net gain from Schedule D is carried to line 8 of Form 1120. (Any net capital loss is carried to the ATT\_D attachment to offset future gains.)

NOTE

You can import data for Schedule D using the Schedule D Import feature. For more on using this feature, see "Schedule D Imports" in Chapter 5 of the *Drake Software User's Manual: Tax Year 2013.* 

#### **Ordinary Gains and Losses**

The amount generated on line 9 flows from screen **4797**. Amounts can also flow from screen **4562** to Form 4797 (making screen **4797** entries unnecessary), but only if screen **4562** shows assets sold, date, and property type.

### Other Income (Loss)

Use the **INC** screen to enter amounts for the "Other income" line of the main form. Specific **INC** screen entries are displayed on attached statements in View mode of the return.

For Form 1120, calculated amounts from the following screens also flow automatically to the "Other income" line (line 10):

- Screen **6478** (Form 6478, Alcohol and Cellulosic Biofuel Fuels Credit)
- Screen **8864** (Form 8864, Biodiesel and Renewable Diesel Fuels Credit)

Additional fields for other income on the **INC** screen include:

- Amount of credit for tax on fuels
- Interest income on receivables
- Recoveries of bad debts
- Section 481 adjustments
- State tax refund
- Taxable income from insurance proceeds
- Other (itemize) (Detail worksheet is required.)

Note

Data from Forms K-1 received from partnerships should be entered on the **K1P** screen (located on the first **Other Forms** tab of the **Data Entry Menu**). This information is reflected in an attached statement in View mode of the return. Losses are included with "Other Deductions" entered on the **DED** screen.

### **Compensation of Officers (Form 1125-E)**

Form 1125-E, Compensation of Officers is not generated automatically with the return unless it is required—in other words, unless total receipts (line 1a, plus lines 4 through 10) on Form 1120 are \$500,000 or more. To force the software to print Form 1125-E, from the **PRNT** screen, select **Force Form 1125-E, Officer Compensation**.

#### Officer Information

Use screen **E** to enter officer information and compensation amounts. Press PAGE DOWN to enter additional officers. Screen **E** totals are calculated and carried to line 12 of Form 1120.

The total of officer compensation can be entered in the **Officer Compensation** override field on the **DED** screen (generally used when Form 1125-E is not required). An entry in that field overrides any calculations from screen E, changing lines 12 and 27 of the 1120 but not Form 1125-E.

New for

2013

You may "truncate" the officers' Social Security Number in the **ID number** field of screen **E**. To do so, enter five "0"s and then the last four digits of the officer's SSN.

#### Screen E Check Boxes

Screen **E** has two check boxes: **Signs return**, and **Books in care of**. Mark the applicable box on the screen that identifies the officer who either signs the federal or state paper returns, or is the contact person for the books (state return only).

# Ownership & Participation

The **Ownership and Participation** fields on screen **E** are required. Fields are as follows:

- **Total** Enter the officer's ownership percentage.
- **Common** Enter the percentage of common stock owned by the officer.
- **Preferred** Enter the percentage of preferred stock owned by the officer.
- Time Enter the percentage of time the officer devotes to the corporation.

Enter percentage amounts in whole numbers. For example, enter 40 for 40%.



Neither "FOREIGNUS" nor "APPLD FOR" is acceptable in the **ID number** field. Returns with "FOREIGNUS" or "APPLD FOR" in this field are not eligible for e-file.

# **Salaries and Wages**

Use the **DED** screen to enter salaries and wages paid. Note that the **DED** screen amount is reduced by the amount, if any, of credit from Form 5884. Also note that this is an adjustment field; an amount entered here adjusts any amount entered on screen **F** (Form 1040, Schedule F, Profit and Loss from Farming) in the "Labor hired" field.

Note

The **Salaries and wages** amount should *not* include compensation of officers. Enter officer compensation data on screen **E** or as **Officer Compensation** on line 12 of the **DED** screen.

#### **Repairs and Maintenance**

Enter repair and maintenance costs on the **DED** screen. An amount entered here is combined with the amount, if any, entered in the **Repairs and maintenance** field on screen **F**.

#### **Bad Debts**

Use the "Bad debts" line on the **DED** screen to enter the total debts that became worthless in whole or in part during the year, but only to the extent that such debts related to a trade or business activity

NOTE

Enter deductible non-business bad debts as a short-term capital loss on screen 8949 (Capital Gains & Losses).

Cash method corporations cannot take a bad debt as a deduction unless the amount was previously included in income.

#### **Rents**

Use the **DED** screen to enter rent paid on business property used for a trade or business activity. If the corporation rented or leased a vehicle, enter the total annual rent or lease expense incurred in the trade or business activity of the entity, and then complete Part V of the **4562** (screens **8** and **9**).



The **Rents** field is an adjustment field. An amount entered here is combined with the amount, if any, entered in the **Rent** fields on screen **F**, lines 24A and 24b.

#### Taxes and Licenses

Enter tax and license amounts in the **Taxes and licenses** section of the **DED** screen. Amounts are combined and the sum generated on Form 1120, line 17 ("Taxes and licenses"). Note that credit from Form 8846 (Credit for Employer Social Security and Medicare Taxes Paid on Certain Employee Tips) adjusts the line 17 amount.



These amounts also appear on the Taxes and Licenses Attachment (ATT\_CTL), referred to on line 17 with an "ATT\_CTL" reference. To keep the notification from appearing, go to the **PRNT** screen and select **Suppress printing form and attachment references**.

State tax amounts (income tax and franchise tax) entered on the **ES** (Estimated Taxes) screen are carried to the tax computation (ATT\_TAX) worksheet. The state tax amount carried from the **ES** screen may differ depending on which method of accounting (cash or accrual) is used.

#### Interest

Enter interest expense on the **DED** screen. Note that the **Interest expense** field is an adjustment field. Any amount entered here is combined with the amount, if any, entered in the **Interest** fields on screen **F**.

#### **Charitable Contributions**

The **DED** screen provides two fields for entering data for line 19, "Charitable contributions."



Figure 4: Charitable contribution lines on the DED screen

- **Contributions** Enter the gross amount of contributions for the year that are subject to the 10% limit on deduction.
- Qualified conservation contributions Enter the gross amount of contributions for the year that are not subject to the 10% limit. These contributions have a carryover period of 15 years; see IRS instructions for details.

The program calculates the contributions allowed and determines carryover capability for amounts entered in both fields for line 19 and reflects the applicable amount on Form 1120. (Refer to the contribution limitation/carryover worksheet (WK\_CNTRB) for calculation of allowed amount.) Contribution carryovers from prior years are entered on the **LOSS** screen.

Note that both fields of line 19 are adjustment fields; entries here adjust amounts flowing from screen **K1P**, line 13, codes **A** and **B**.

# **Depreciation**

Enter depreciation on the **4562** screen. Select a form from the **For** drop list (Figure 5) to associate the depreciable item with the correct form or activity. Data from the **4562** screens is calculated and carried to Form 1120 and to the selected schedules or forms.

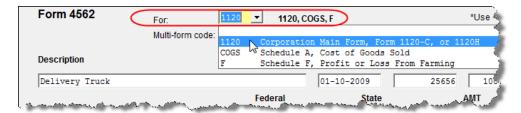


Figure 5: Selecting Form 1120 from the 4562 screen For drop list

Note

For more on the **For** drop list in Drake, see "Associating One Screen with Another," in the *Drake Software User's Manual: Tax Year 2013* 

# **Depletion**

Enter depletion deductions on the **DED** screen. See Form 1120 instructions and Pub. 535 for more information on depletion.

### **Advertising**

Enter advertising expenses on the **DED** screen.

### **Pension and Profit-Sharing**

The software reduces this expense based on the credit amount calculated from Form 8881, Credit for Small Employer Pension Plan Startup Costs.

#### **Domestic Production Activities**

Use screen **8903** to complete Form 8903, Domestic Production Activities Deduction (DPAD). The calculated total of screen **8903** flows to line 25 of Form 1120.

NOTE

The DPAD is not allowed on returns with a net operating loss (NOL) for the current year. It also cannot be used to create a current-year loss.

#### **Other Deductions**

Enter all other deductions on the **DED** screen. The program calculates these amounts and incorporates the total into line 26 ("Other deductions") of Form 1120. The following deductions, credits, adjustments, and exclusions also flow to line 26:

- Amortization from Form 4562
- Credit from Form 8820, Orphan Drug Credit
- Exclusion from Form 8873, Extraterritorial Income Exclusion
- Credit from Form 8941, Credit for Small Employer Health-Insurance Premiums

Notes

Drake automatically calculates meals and entertainment limitations.

A detail (CTRL+W) worksheet is required for the "Other (itemize)" field. The program automatically generates a worksheet if an entry is made here, or in any other field where a worksheet is required by the IRS.

# **NOL Carrybacks and Carryforwards**

Enter NOL carrybacks from future years to the current year on screen **J** (**Loss Carryback, Tax Computation, Payments**). To enter multiple carryback amounts, use a detail (CTRL+W) worksheet.

Use the **LOSS** screen to enter NOL carryforwards, capital losses, and contribution carryforwards from prior years. Use screen **J** to enter current-year carrybacks to prior years.

# Tax, Refundable Credits, and Payments

Screen **J** has fields for completing the "Tax, Refundable Credits, and Payments" section of Form 1120. Note that some fields are overrides. Press F1 to view more information on a field.

#### **Total Tax**

For corporations that belong to a controlled group, complete all applicable fields on screen **J**. If allocating income to the various brackets on this screen, you must enter 0 (zero) in the fields of the brackets to which no income is allocated.

The total tax from Schedule J is calculated and carried to line 31 of Form 1120.

Note

Controlled groups are also required to complete Schedule O. Use the **O** screen in Drake to complete Schedule O. See "Schedule O (Controlled Group Information)" on page 27.

### **Estimated Taxes and Applied Refunds**

Enter on screen **ES** the estimated corporate taxes paid. If necessary, use screen **W** to override 2013 estimated taxes paid and apply any overpayments from 2013 to 2014.

NOTE Estimate vouchers are not used in federal corporation tax returns.

#### Overpayment

To apply the current-year overpayment to next year, the corporation's current-year taxable income must be greater than 0 (zero). Enter the amount to be carried to next year in the overpayment field at the bottom of screen **W**. If current-year taxable income is not greater than 0 and you want to apply the current-year overpayment to next year, enter a positive amount on line 1, "Taxable income expected for the tax year," at the top of screen **W**.

#### Quick Refund

To file Form 4466, Corporation Application for Quick Refund of Overpayment of Estimated Tax, go to the **PRNT** screen and mark the **Calculate Form 4466** box. This is the only entry necessary to produce the form. (There is a link to the **PRNT** screen from the first **Other Forms** tab of the **Data Entry Menu**. Click **Application for Quick Refund**.)

#### Underpayment

Use screen **2220** to enter information for Form 2220, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Corporations. Note that the **2220** screen in Drake consists of two screens. Press PAGE UP and PAGE DOWN to move from screen to screen.



The program retains the underpayment and penalty rates as of 12/31 of the calendar year. If a corporation has a fiscal year end, you must enter the effective rates manually.

# State Estimates

Enter 2013 estimates and 2014 overpayments for state returns on the **ES** screen. For the federal return, to override 2013 estimates and apply overpayments to 2014, use screen **W**.

# **Direct Deposit of Refunds**

The IRS requires that Form 8050, Direct Deposit of Corporate Tax Refund, be submitted with an e-filed return in order for a corporation's refund to be direct-deposited. To access this form in Drake, go to the **DD** screen, accessible from the **General** tab.

When filling out the **DD** screen:

- If the federal refund is to go to the account listed, select **Yes** for the **Federal selection** drop list; otherwise, select **No**. (Default is **Yes**.)
- If a state refund is to go to the account listed, select the state abbreviation from the **State/City selection** drop list.
- Enter the name of the financial institution, the routing number (RTN), the account number, and the type of account (Checking or Savings).
- Re-enter the routing number, account number, and type of account to verify (Figure 6).

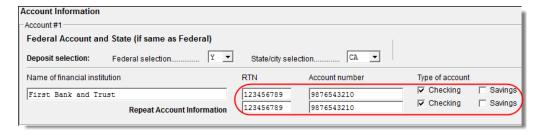


Figure 6: Federal section of **DD** screen (also **8050** screen)

If receiving refunds from different state tax authorities, use the **State Account** boxes on the **DD** screen to indicate where other state refunds should be deposited.

# **Electronic Funds Withdrawal (Direct Debit)**

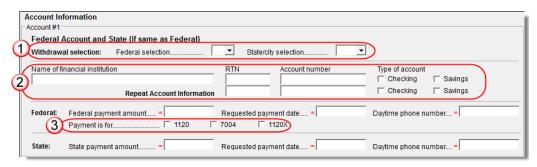
Use the **PMT** screen, accessible from the **General** tab, to indicate that the balance due for an e-filed return should be withdrawn (direct-debited) from an account.

# **Program Defaults and Overrides**

By default, the program indicates that the entire balance due (line 34, "Amount owed," of Form 1120) is to be withdrawn on the return due date. To indicate otherwise, complete the **Requested payment date** override fields (see Figure 7 on page 15) for the applicable payment. If the return is e-filed on or before the due date, the requested payment date cannot be later than the due date. If the return is transmitted after the due date, the requested payment date cannot be later than the date the return is transmitted.

# **Required Information**

A **Withdrawal selection** (item 1 in Figure 7 on page 15) is required if the program is to direct tax authorities to withdraw funds from the corporation's bank account.



**Figure 7:** Required fields on **PMT** screen: withdrawal selection (1); account information (2); specified return (3)

The name of the financial institution, RTN, account number, and account type are required. As with the **DD** screen, the **RTN**, **Account number**, and **Type of account** data must be entered twice (item 2 in Figure 7).

Finally, the **PMT** screen must indicate the return to which the payment data applies (item 3 in Figure 7). Mark the box of the applicable return type: **1120**, **7004**, or **1120**X.

#### Withdrawal from Multiple Accounts

Only one account can be designated for direct debit of funds for payment of federal or state taxes. To have state amounts withdrawn from an account other than the account indicated for federal payments, complete the fields in the **State Account** sections of the **PMT** screen.

Note

Neither the federal nor the state balance due can be paid from more than one account.

# Filing an Extension

Calendar year returns are due on March 17, 2014. By filing Form 7004, a corporation can extend the deadline six months to September 15. Fiscal year returns are due on the 15th day of the third month after the end of the corporation's year. The 7004 extends the deadline six months.

Note

An 1120 return is due no later than eight-and-a-half months after the close of the corporation's tax year.

Use one of the following options to file an extension for an 1120, 1120-C, or 1120-H:

- Go to the **7004** screen in Drake and select **Generate an extension**. Complete any other applicable fields on the screen.
- Go to the PRNT screen and select Prepare Form 7004 extension based on screen 1 info.

# Signing the Return

Electronic PIN signatures are required for e-filed returns. If e-filing a return, complete all fields on the **PIN** screen. A return cannot be e-filed if the **PIN** screen fields, including the title and signature (name) of the officer signing the return, are not completed.

An 1120 return must be signed and dated by one of the following individuals:

- The corporation's president, vice president, treasurer, assistant treasurer, or chief accounting officer
- Any other corporate officer, such as a tax officer, who is authorized to sign

If the return is prepared by a paid preparer, the preparer must complete the required information and sign the return in the space provided on the **PIN** screen. If it is prepared by an employee or officer of the corporation, go to screen 1 and select **NONE** in the **Firm** # and **Preparer** # drop lists.

To have the preparer's name and address information displayed on the printed return:

- If the return preparer and ERO (entered in **Setup > ERO**) are the same:
  - Go to Setup > Preparer(s) and ensure that the Alternative Electronic Signature box is marked for the preparer.
  - Complete the **PIN** screen for the return.
- If the return preparer and ERO are *not* the same:
  - Go to the PRNT screen for the return and complete the field labeled PIN for preparer's alternative electronic signature. The PIN entered should match the one entered for the preparer in Setup > Preparer(s). (For more information, press F1 in this field.)

Note

**Setup > ERO** must still be completed in Drake for e-filing. For information on how to complete this setup window, see *Drake Software User's Manual: Tax Year 2013*. See the IRS instructions for further details on signature requirements.

# **Amending a Return**

The program can automatically fill the **1120X** screen for Form 1120X, Amended U.S. Corporation Income Tax Return.



When you amend a return in Drake, the amended information replaces the original in the data file. Before amending a return, you should archive the original to avoid losing previously submitted data. For more information on archiving returns, see "Archive Manager" in Chapter 6, "Return Results," of the *Drake Software User's Manual: Tax Year 2013*.

Returns Previously Prepared in Drake From the **Data Entry Menu** of an 1120 return, enter an X in the selector field and press Enter. (Screen **X** is also accessible from the first **Other Forms** tab.) At the prompt, select **Yes** to automatically fill the screen with data from the original return (that is, the return as originally entered in Drake). If the corporation's name or address

information has changed, enter the new information on screen **X**. Make all other necessary changes to the *regular data entry screens*.

Open screen **2X** (or press PAGE DOWN while in screen **X**). Enter the line number from the **X** screen that corresponds with the changes that were made in data entry. (For instance, if you made a change in the tax on screen **J**, enter 4 (for "Tax") in the **Line Number** field of the **2X** screen.) Enter an explanation in the **Explanation of changes** text box.

If more than one item was changed in data entry, press PAGE DOWN to open another screen **2X**. Enter the line number from screen **X** that corresponds to this change and enter another explanation.

When you go to View mode, the program calculates the amended return.

#### **New Returns**

To amend a return not previously prepared in Drake, create an 1120 return in Drake and open screen **X**. Complete the applicable fields on this screen, and then enter the amended data in the appropriate other screens, as described in the example below.

Example: An 1120 return was filed using a different tax software, but gross rental income was not reported on line 6. To amend the return:

- **1.** From the **Data Entry Menu** of an 1120 return, open screen **X**.
- **2.** Complete all applicable fields on screen **X**.
- **3.** Close screen **X** and open the **INC** screen.
- **4.** Enter the amount of unreported income on line 6.
- **5.** Close the **INC** screen and open screen **2X**.
- **6.** Enter the line number from the **X** screen that corresponds to the changes that were made in data entry. (For this instance, if you made a change to income on the **INC** screen, enter 1 (for **Total Income**) in the **Line Number** field of the **2X** screen.
- **7.** Enter an explanation in the **Explanation of changes** text box.
- **8.** Calculate and view the return. Note the adjustments made on the Form 1120X.

#### E-filing an Amended Return

To add Form 1120X to the queue for e-filing, go to the **EF** screen for the return and mark the **1120-X** box. For detailed instructions on e-filing the returns in the queue, see Chapter 8, "e-File," in the *Drake Software User's Manual: Tax Year 2013*.

# Schedule K

Use screen **K** to enter data for Schedule K, Other Information. Screen **K** should also be used for Schedule K of Form 1120-C. Detailed here are some specific areas that might need your attention.

# Schedule K, Line 3

On line 3 (line 5 for 1120-C), enter the EIN and name of the parent corporation if the corporation is a subsidiary in an affiliated group or a parent-subsidiary controlled group.

Be aware of the following guidelines from the IRS:

- "If the corporation is an 'excluded member' of a controlled group (see section 1563(b)(2)), it is still considered a member of a controlled group for this purpose.
- "An affiliated group is one or more chains of includible corporations (section 1504(a)) connected through stock ownership with a common parent corporation.
   The common parent must be an includible corporation and the following requirements must be met.
- "The common parent must directly own stock that represents at least 80% of the total voting power and at least 80% of the total value of the stock of at least one of the other includible corporations.
- "Stock that represents at least 80% of the total voting power and at least 80% of
  the total value of the stock of each of the other corporations (except for the common parent) must be owned directly by one or more of the other includible corporations.
- "For this purpose, the term 'stock' generally does not include any stock that (a) is nonvoting, (b) is nonconvertible, (c) is limited and preferred as to dividends and does not participate significantly in corporate growth, and (d) has redemption and liquidation rights that do not exceed the issue price of the stock (except for a reasonable redemption or liquidation premium). See section 1504(a)(4). See section 1563(d)(1) for the definition of stock for purposes of determining stock ownership."

# Schedule K, Line 4

If a corporation, partnership, trust, individual, or estate owned, directly or indirectly, 20 percent or more, or owned, directly or indirectly, 50 percent or more of the total voting power of all classes of the corporation's stock entitled to vote, the applicable data appears on Schedule G. In Drake, Schedule G data is entered on screens G1 and G2, accessible through the G1 Screen and G2 Screen links on line 4 of screen K, or from the General tab of the Data Entry Menu.

If the stock is owned by any foreign or domestic corporation, partnership, or trust, enter on screen **G1** the name and EIN of the entity, the type of entity (corporation, partnership, or trust), the country of the entity's organization, and the percentage of stock the entity owns.

If the stock is owned by an *individual or estate*, enter on screen **G2** the name and ID number of the individual or estate, country of citizenship, and percentage of stock owned.

Use the CTRL+PAGE DOWN function to open additional (blank) **G1** or **G2** screens. For more information on line 4 of Schedule K, see the IRS instructions.

# Schedule K, Line 5

If the corporation owned stock in other corporations or partnerships, or the beneficial interest in a trust, enter the information on the K5A or K5B screen. Click the K5A Screen or K5B Screen links on the K screen or from the General tab of the Data Entry Menu to access fields for entering this information.

Use the CTRL+PAGE DOWN function to open additional (blank) **K5A** or **K5B** screens. For more information on line 5 of Schedule K, see the IRS instructions.

#### Schedule K, Line 7

Enter information on line 7 of screen **K** if a foreign person owned, directly or indirectly, at least 25% of the total voting power of all classes of the corporation's stock entitled to vote, or the total value of all classes of stock of the corporation. (If there is more than one 25%-or-more foreign owner, complete the fields for the person with the highest percentage of ownership.) Enter the percentage that person owned and the owner's country of residence.

Note

Generally, a 25% foreign-owned corporation with a reportable transaction during the tax year must file Form 5472, Information Return of a 25% Foreign Owned U.S. Corporation or a Foreign Corporation Engaged in a U.S. Trade or Business. See Form 5472 for filing instructions and penalties for failure to file.

See section 6038A(c)(5) and the related regulations for the constructive ownership rules of section 318 that apply in determining if a corporation is foreign owned.

NOTE

If another entity owns 20% or more of the client's corporation, or owns 50% or more of the corporation's stock entitled to vote, see "Schedule K, Line 4" on page 18.

#### Schedule K, Line 13

On line 13 of screen K, select Yes if the corporation's total receipts (line 1a + lines 4 through 10 on page 1 of Form 1120) are less than \$250,000 for the tax year, and its total assets at the end of the tax year are less than \$250,000.

If the answer to line 13 is **Yes**, in the lower text box of line 13 enter the total amount of cash distributions and the book value of property distributions (other than cash) made during the tax year. (An entry here is added to the amount calculated from entries on line 5 (Distributions) on the **M2** screen and reflected on page 4, line 13, of the 1120 return.)

Note

If the answer on line 13 is **Yes**, the corporation is not required to complete Schedules L, M-1, or M-2. To force the software to print these forms, go to the **PRNT** screen and select **Force Schedules G (1120-C)**, **L**, **M-1**, **and M-2** to be printed.

# Schedule K-1

The 1120 package includes a **K1P** screen (accessible from the first **Other Forms** tab of the **Data Entry Menu**) for entering information from Form 1065, Schedule K-1. This screen works the same as it does for the other packages, with amounts being carried automatically to the appropriate forms, schedules, and lines. In addition:

- Ordinary income is carried to Form 1120, page 1, line 10, "Other income," with the partnership name and EIN (required information)
- Ordinary losses are carried to Form 1120, page 1, line 26, "Other deductions," with the partnership name and EIN (required information)

Codes or lines not included require additional information not available to the program and must be manually entered in the proper place in the return.

# **State-Specific Information**

#### **Resident State**

The program automatically generates a return for the corporation's resident state. Use screen 2 to enter company information as it should appear on the state return.

NOTE

The link to screen **2** is on the **States** tab, (or enter 2 in the selector field and press ENTER.)

Company information includes the type of return that applies for state purposes (consolidated, composite, controlled group, multi-state), and state-specific dates and numbers for identification.

NOTE

The company information fields on screen **2** apply for the resident state only.

#### **Other States**

Data for other states must be entered manually in state data entry. To access state data entry, select the **States** tab from the **Data Entry Menu**, or enter the two-letter state code in the selector field and press ENTER.

#### Multi-State Apportionment

Enter sales, payroll, and property factors on the **APPT Multi-State Apportionment** screen. This screen provides one central location for entering all state apportionment information instead of having to open each needed state's screen.

In addition to making data input faster and easier, this feature provides two worksheets: a summary worksheet (SA-SUM~) that can be used for verifying input, and a reconciliation worksheet (SA-REC) that ties the total of the state amounts to the federal return figures. These worksheets are available in View mode.

The individual state apportionment screens will continue to be available in Drake14 but will be used to override data entered on the **APPT** screen. No state apportionment-related screens will be updated from Drake12 to Drake13.

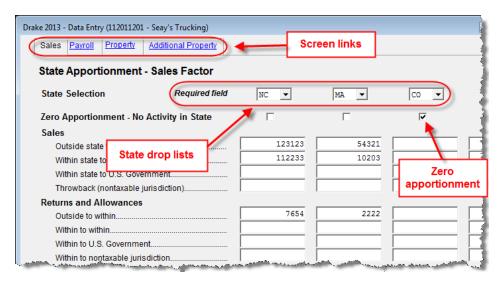


Figure 8: State APPT screen

Note

Mark the **Zero Apportionment** check box (Figure 8) to add a state but not include any apportionment data. This will include the state on the apportionment summary worksheet (SAC-SUM~), available through View mode.

#### **APPT Screens**

The **APPT** screen is opened to the **Sales** tab. Links at the top of this screen open the **Payroll**, **Property**, and **Additional Property** information tabs for each state selected. These screens and their uses are listed in Table 1:

Table 1: APPT Screens

Screen	Information
Sales	Select state; enter sales, returns and allowance, and other income-related information for each selected state
Payroll	Enter salary, wage, commission, and labor amounts for each selected state
Property	Enter beginning and ending amounts of common apportionment factors, plus select additional apportionment factors from drop lists
Additional Property	Select additional apportionment factors from drop lists



The **Ending** amount entered on the **Property** and **Addition Property** screens in Drake13 will become the **Beginning** amount for property on the **APPT** screen when the client's return is updated next year in Drake14.

You may enter up to four states on one **APPT** screen. If you need more than four states, press PAGE DOWN for a new **APPT** screen. The same state can be entered more than once when additional fields are needed.

Select **OT Other Reconciliation** from the **State Selection** drop list when using the reconciliation worksheet. Not every item appearing on the federal return may be subject to multi-state apportionment. When you select **OT**, the data entered becomes a reconciling adjustment amount to aid in tying to the federal return.

Enter as much or as little detail as the states require. If a state does not require any information to be entered, no information will flow to that state's return.

#### **Contact Information**

If certain contact information required for state purposes is different from that entered on screen 1, use screen 2. This screen has fields for the following types of contact information:

- Name and address of registered agent
- Principal place of business
- "Books in care of"
- General contact information for the name, title, e-mail address, ID number, and telephone number of the corporation's contact person.

Access screen **2** from the **States** tab or by entering 2 in the selector field and pressing ENTER.

### Other Information and Overrides

Use screen 1 to enter the following additional information:

**Resident State** — If the corporation has a mailing address in one state but does business in another, select the state in which the corporation does business from the **Resident State** drop list.

**Drake Codes and Overrides** — Screen 1 includes fields for miscellaneous codes, invoice numbers, and several overrides. See "Listing a Different Firm, Preparer, or ERO on a Return" in Chapter 2 and "Miscellaneous Codes" in Chapter 5 of *Drake Software User's Manual: Tax Year 2013* for more information.



Worksheets outlining these and other adjustment and override fields are accessible through the **FAQs** (Frequently Asked Questions) screen. For more information, see "Guide to Overrides and Adjustments" on page 33.

# Schedule L (Balance Sheet per Books)

Schedule L is required if the corporation's total receipts for the tax year or its total assets at the end of the year are greater than \$250,000.

#### Flow of Information

Many of the entries made elsewhere (such as inventory information from Schedule A) flow automatically to the generated Schedule L. Depreciable asset information from the **4562** screen and intangible assets and amortization also flow to Schedule L.

Use the corporation's balance sheet to enter data directly onto Schedule L.

NOTE

See "Importing Trial Balance Information" on page 48 for information on using the trial balance import to enter Schedule L data.

#### The SCH2 Screen

The **SCH2** screen (see Figure 9) is used to provide detailed information required by the IRS for certain lines on Schedule L. The amounts are carried to Form 1120 and printed on an attached statement.

This screen can also be used in place of the actual **L** screen in Drake. If you use this screen for all applicable lines on Schedule L, you *do not* need to make any entries on screen **L**.

NOTE

To access the **SCH2** screen from screen **L**, click an **SCH2 Screen** link. Press Esc to return to screen **L**.

#### Entering Information

To create a statement for a line using the **SCH2** screen, select the desired line from the **Line Number** drop list and enter descriptions and their corresponding amounts.

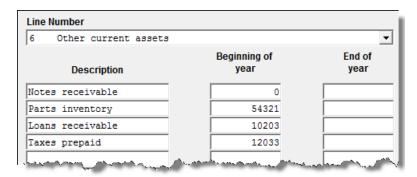


Figure 9: SCH2 screen fields for line number, description, and amounts

Once the information is entered, or if additional descriptions are required for the line, press PAGE DOWN to access a new screen.

Note

All line selections and screen descriptions are carried to the next year, and year-end amounts are carried to the beginning-of-year column, when the returns are updated.

#### **Statements**

The total amounts entered on the **SCH2** screen do not show up on the actual **L** screen in the program. They are, however, printed on the return where needed, with references to the corresponding statements.

The type of statement produced by the program depends on the selected line and the IRS requirements. If a line is required, a statement labeled "STATEMENT" is produced and is e-filed with the return. If a line is *not* required, a statement sheet ("STMT") is produced and is NOT e-filed with the return.

Note that an e-fileable "STATEMENT" is referenced in the return.

#### SCH2 and Trial Balance Import

Typically, one or more **SCH2** screens are needed for Schedule L items. Data for the **SCH2** screens cannot be entered directly into the trial balance worksheet. Although the amounts must be included in the trial balance worksheet for the worksheet to balance, the **SCH2** detail screens must be created separately from the worksheet. When the return is produced, Schedule L will reflect both the amounts imported from the trial balance worksheets (where direct entry was allowed) and the totals of the **SCH2** screen amounts.

See "Importing Trial Balance Information" on page 48 for detailed instructions using the trial balance worksheet for **SCH2** items and amounts.

#### **Autobalance**

Autobalance forces Schedule L to balance for both the beginning- and end-of-year amounts. The program adjusts the unappropriated retained earnings amount on Schedule L by the difference between the total assets and the total liabilities and capital *before* the adjustment. For example, if assets are \$1,000 and liabilities and capital are \$900, the program increases the unappropriated retained earnings by \$100.)

The program makes the adjustments due to differences in the balance sheet. Incorrect data entry could cause these differences but they are usually the result of one of the following issues:

- An asset was deleted from **4562** screen (**Depreciation Detail Items**) instead of being indicated as sold.
- Beginning inventory amounts were adjusted on the Schedule A or ending inventory amounts were entered incorrectly.
- Amounts were erroneously deleted from or changed on screen L.

To reconcile the differences, it is best to compare the corporation's beginning and ending balance sheet amounts for the tax year.

To turn off this feature for a specific return, go to the **PRNT** screen and select **Turn** off autobalance.

NOTE

If you are using trial balance import, autobalance must be turned off prior to import. See "Preparing to Use Trial Balance Import" on page 48.

# Schedules M-1 and M-3 (Reconciliation of Income per Books)

Schedule M-1 is required if the balance sheet's total assets at the end of the year exceed \$250,000 but are less than \$10 million. Schedule M-3 is required if the balance sheet's total assets at the end of the year equal or exceed \$10 million.

NOTE

If the corporation is filing Schedule M-3, any entries on the **M1** screen (for Schedule M-1) should be deleted.

#### Schedule M-1

Schedule M-1 shows all items of income and expense that are not subject to tax, plus those accounting items that are not income tax items. When required, the corporation must reconcile book income with the taxable income.

Use the **M1** screen to enter book-to-tax difference for Schedule M-1. Book-to-tax differences are classified as permanent or temporary, and as favorable or unfavorable. Examples of both kind of differences are shown in Table 2.

 Table 2: Examples Book-to-Tax Differences for Schedule M-1

Difference	Description	Examples	
Permanent	Book or tax items that will never be reported for book or tax purposes	- Meals & entertainment limitations - Penalties - Tax-exempt interest	
Temporary	Items that will be reported for both tax and book purposes, but not during the same tax year	Depreciation     Gains or losses on the sale of depreciated assets	
Favorable	Items that reduce taxable income	- Instances in which tax depreciation amount is greater than book depreciation amount	
Unfavorable	Items that increase taxable income	- Disallowed meals & entertainment	

#### Schedule M-3

Schedule M-3 is completed using the following screens, all found on the **General** tab of the **Data Entry Menu**:

- M3, M31, M32, and M33 for Parts I, II, and III of the Schedule M-3
- M3B for Schedule B Additional Information for M-3 filers
- SCH3 for subsidiary schedules for Schedule M-3 and Form 8916-A
- M3S for supplemental statements
- **8916** for reconciling of M-3 with taxable income for mixed groups
- 916A for supplemental attachments to the M-3

If the corporation is required to file (or voluntarily files) Schedule M-3, the corporation *must* file Form 1120 and all attachments and schedules, including Schedule M-3.

NOTE

Certain income and deduction amounts and adjustments flow from Form 1120 to Schedule M-3 and Form 8916A in the program, but all other M-3 data must be entered manually.

If Schedule M-3 is present in a return, no Schedule M-1 is generated.

#### Parts I-III

Part I of Schedule M-3 asks certain questions about the corporation's financial statements and reconciles financial statement worldwide net income (loss) for the corporation (or consolidated financial statement group, if applicable) as reported on Schedule M-3, Part 1, line 4, to net income (loss) per the income statement of the corporation for U.S. taxable income purposes, as reported on Schedule M-3, Part 1, line 11.

Parts II and III reconcile financial statement net income (loss) for the U.S. corporation (or consolidated tax group, if applicable) as reported on Schedule M-3, Part II, line 30 (column d), to taxable income (loss) as reported on Form 1120, page 1, line 28.

The software carries certain items that are readily available, but it does not balance the M-3 automatically. To ensure that the M-3 balances, additional data entry may be required on the M31, M32, and M33 screens.

#### Schedule B

Schedule B is required when an M-3 is present in a return. Use screen **M3B** for Form 1120 Schedule B, Additional Information for M-3 Filers.

#### The SCH3 Screen

The **SCH3** screen is similar to the **SCH2** screen and is used to provide detailed information for Schedule M-3 and Form 8916-A. It can be used in place of the actual **M3** and **8916A** screens. For more information on using this type of screen, see "The SCH2 Screen" on page 23.

# **Schedule M-2 (Unappropriated Retained Earnings)**

Information from Schedule M-2 Unappropriated Retained Earnings form ties to the Schedule L, line 25, portion of the balance sheet. Increases, distributions, and other decreases to the retained earnings are entered on Schedule M-2. Unappropriated retained earnings refer to corporation income that has not been distributed to shareholders that is available for dividend distribution.

# M-2 Troubleshooting

The beginning Unappropriated Retained Earnings flows from Schedule L (Balance Sheet), and the Net Income (Loss) per books flows from the completed Schedule M-1 or M-3 on Form 1120. These numbers, combined with amounts entered on the **M2** screen, are used to calculate the ending Unappropriated Retained Earnings.

If the computed amount does not match the amount in the completed Schedule L (Balance Sheet), the system produces an EF message that says the M-2 is out of balance. Solving this problem can be challenging, since it can have any of several causes:

• The beginning balance sheet entries are inaccurate

- The Beginning of Year unappropriated retained earnings amount (line 25 on screen L) entered on the SCH2 screen for line 24 (Retained earning-Appropriated) is incorrect
- Autobalance is not turned on (See "Autobalance" on page 24.)
- The ending balance sheet entries are inaccurate
- The net income per the tax return is inaccurate
- The reconciling items on Schedule M-1 or M-3 need to be adjusted
- The reconciling items on Schedule M-2 need to be adjusted.

If the items are off by a couple of dollars or less, resolve the problem by entering a reconciling item on the **M2** screen:

- 1. Double-click in a field on the M2 screen to open a detail (CTRL+W) worksheet.
- **2.** Enter the word "Rounding" as the description and enter an amount.
- **3.** Press Esc. The program returns to the **M2** screen.

If the problem is not resolved, it may be necessary to do a detailed comparison between the corporation's financial records and the completed return information.

# **Schedule O (Controlled Group Information)**

Use screens **O** and **OM**, accessible from the first **Other Forms** tab, to fill out Schedule O, Consent Plan and Apportionment Schedule for a Controlled Group. Press PAGE UP and PAGE DOWN to navigate from screen to screen.

Note

Members of a controlled group are entitled to one \$50,000, one \$25,000, and one \$9,925,000 taxable income bracket amount, in that order.

# **AMT Adjustments and Other Items**

Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT) adjustments are limited among the members of a controlled group. These should be entered in the **Other** information fields of the **OM** screen (Figure 10).

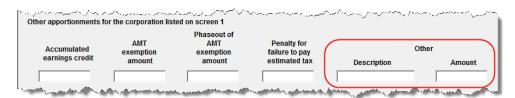


Figure 10: Other information fields for other AMT adjustments

# **Types of Controlled Groups**

At the top of screen **O**, mark the box indicating the type of controlled group for which Schedule O is reporting. Controlled group types are briefly defined below. See Schedule O instructions for more details.

- **Parent-subsidiary group** One or more chains of corporations that are connected through stock ownership with a common parent corporation if certain conditions apply.
- **Brother-sister group** Two or more corporations if the same five or fewer persons who are individuals, estates, or trusts directly or indirectly own stock of each corporation with a certain amount of voting power.
- Combined group Three or more corporations, each of which is part of a parent-subsidiary group or a brother-sister group, and one of which is (1) a common parent corporation included in a group in a parent subsidiary group, or (2) included in a group of corporations in a brother-sister group.
- **Life insurance companies only** Two or more insurance companies subject to tax under section 801, that are members of one of the previously described groups, are treated as a particular type of controlled group.

# **Line 5, Apportionment Plan Status**

The corporation is required to provide information about the status of the group's apportionment plan. Select the applicable box on screen **O** to show the status of the controlled group's apportionment plan. If adopting a plan or amending the current plan for a prior tax year, at least one year must remain on the statute of limitations for each group member for assessing any resulting deficiency.

# **Credits and Adjustments**

Certain credits require an adjustment to either income or expenses. Drake13 carries the required adjustments to the appropriate line of the return and to Schedule M-1 or M-3. Manually reducing the expenses/deductions or increasing the income for these credits causes the return to be out of balance.

Adjustments are made to other income for the credit amounts for the following credits:

- Form 6478, Alcoholic and Cellulosic Biofuel Fuels Credit
- Form 8864, Biodiesel and Renewable Diesel Fuels Credit
- Form 8912, Credit to Holders of Tax Credit Bonds (interest income)

Adjustments are made to the appropriate deduction/expenses for the credit amounts for the following credits:

- Form 5884, Work Opportunity Credit
- Form 6765, Credit for Increasing Research Activities
- Form 8820, Orphan Drug Credit
- Form 8845, Indian Employment Credit
- Form 8846, Credit for Employer Social Security and Medicare Taxes Paid on Certain Employee Tips
- Form 8881, Credit for Small Employer Pension Plan Startup Costs
- Form 8844, Empowerment Zone and Renewal Community Employment Credit

- Form 8932, Credit for Employer Differential Wage Payments
- Form 8941, Credit for Small Employer Health Insurance Premiums

# **Adjusting Charitable Contributions/NOL**

Corporations with a net operating loss (NOL) carryover from any taxable year must apply the special rule of IRC section 170(d)(2)(B) for charitable contributions. The rules are designed to prevent a double tax benefit through interaction of NOL and charitable contribution carryovers. The excess charitable deduction can reduce taxable income only once. Under these rules, a corporation's charitable contributions carryover (but not the NOL carryover) must be reduced to the extent the charitable contribution deduction, in computing the taxable income of an intervening year, would increase the NOL to a succeeding year.

#### Limitation on Deduction

The total amount claimed cannot be more than 10% of taxable income (line 30) computed without regard to the following:

- Any deduction for contributions
- The special deductions on line 29b
- The deduction allowed under section 249
- The domestic production activities deduction under section 199
- Any net operating loss (NOL) carryback to the tax year under section 172
- Any capital loss carryback to the tax year under section 1212(a)(1)

To prevent the double benefit from the excess charitable contribution deduction when there is a charitable contribution on the return and an NOL carryover, the program makes the IRC section 170(d)(2)(B) adjustment. In this situation, the charitable contribution carryover amount is reduced on column C of the Contribution Limitation/Carryover worksheet (WK\_CNTRB in View mode), and the NOL carryforward is increased on the ATT\_NOL worksheet.

## **Elections**

The ability to make certain tax elections is included in the business packages. Elections are selected from the **Return Elections** section of the **ELEC** screen (Figure 11 on page 30).

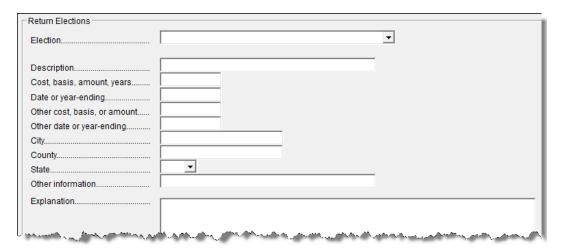


Figure 11: Return Elections portion of ELEC screen

## Making an Election in Drake

To indicate that the corporation is making an election:

- **1.** Open the **ELEC** screen (accessible from the **Miscellaneous** tab of the **Data Entry Menu** (or by typing ELEC in the selector field and pressing ENTER).
- **2.** Make a selection from the **Election** drop list (Figure 12).

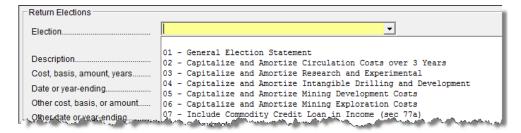


Figure 12: Election drop list

**3.** Complete all other fields as applicable. Press F1 in any field to learn if a field is required for your selection and the type of information that may be needed. For example, the help text for the **Date or year-ending** field shows that the field is required only for election options 08, 09, 11, and 15, and it explains what, specifically, should be entered for each of these elections.

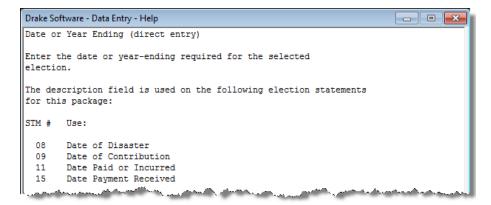


Figure 13: Help text for Date or year-ending field on ELEC screen



If the election option you selected is not listed in the help text for a field, then that field should be left blank. For example, if you chose election 01 (General Election Statement), you would not need to enter anything into the **Date or year-ending** field (help text in Figure 13).

To open a new **ELEC** screen for an additional election, press PAGE DOWN.

#### **Election Statements**

Once an election is made and the return is calculated, the election information is produced on a statement referenced "STM ELXX," where "XX" is the number of the election. For example, election 01 (General Election Statement) is generated as STM EL01.

The election statement includes the election title, election wording, and any additional information required for the election, such a date or amount.

Entries for certain fields are sometimes included in the actual election statement; other times, they are included as separate lines. Signature lines are printed as needed on some statements.

# Making Changes on the Fly

Use the **PRNT** screen to override most program defaults.

## **Suppressing/Forcing Documents**

To suppress or force the printing of certain documents, go to the **PRNT** screen and select the desired options. Many "on-the-fly" changes override the options established in Setup.

You can force the program to print the following 1120 items on a return:

- Form 1125-E
- Schedules G (1120-C), L, M-1, and M-2
- Form 4562

- Next-year depreciation listing
- Inactive returns
- PIN for the preparer's alternative electronic signature



Form 1125-E is required if total receipts (line 1b + lines 4 through 10) are \$500,000 or more.

Schedules L, M-1, and M-2 are not required if receipts and total assets (Schedule K, line 13) are less than \$250,000.

The **PRNT** screen can also be used to suppress printing of the following items on a return:

- Form and attachment references (References are printed by default.)
- Form 4626, Alternative Minimum Tax—Corporations

## **Calculation and Other Options**

The following calculation and other options are available:

- Calculate Form 2220 penalty Select this box to have the program calculate the penalty for Form 2220, Underpayment of Estimated Tax by Corporations. (The program retains the rates as of 12/31 of the calendar year. If a corporation has a fiscal year end, the preparer must enter the effective rates manually.)
- Calculate WK\_1120W based on 2013 taxable income The WK\_1120W is an estimated tax worksheet based on the current tax year taxable income.
- Calculate Form 4466 (application for quick refund) Form 4466, Corporation Application for Quick Refund of Overpayment of Estimated Tax. (A check mark in this box is the only entry needed to generate the form.)
- **Turn off autobalance** For more information on the autobalance feature in Drake, see "Autobalance" on page 24.
- Prepare Form 7004 extension based on screen 1 info Select this box to prepare a six-month extension based on the information that has already been entered into the return. Note that screen 1 must be completed to prepare an extension.

NOTE

To prepare Form 7004 based on information other than (or in addition to) that provided on screen **1**, use the **7004**, or **EXT**, screen.

## **Overriding Other Setup Options**

The following program defaults can be overridden from the **PRNT** screen:

- Filing instructions (federal and state)
- Envelope coversheets (corporation, IRS, state, and city)
- Date to print on return
- Due date to print on letter and filing instructions (see note below)
- Amount on Form 1120, page 1, item D ("Total assets")

#### IRS Service Center

# NOTE

A default due date for filing is printed on all letters and filing instructions generated with a return. You can override the default by entering an alternate due date in the **Due date to print on letter and filing instructions** field on the **PRNT** screen.

## **Guide to Overrides and Adjustments**

An Adjustment Worksheet and an Override Worksheet, available through the FAQs, allow preparers to see what data or calculations are being affected when an entry is made in an override or adjustment field. These worksheets can provide a better understanding of how overrides and adjustments work in the software.

To access the worksheets, click the **Screen Help** button at the top of the **FAQ** screen, then click the link for the desired worksheet and wait for the worksheet to be displayed as a PDF file. An Internet connection and Adobe Reader are required in order to view the worksheets.

Much of the information contained in the worksheets is also available from the field-level helps within the program. To access a field-level help, click inside a field and press F1, or right-click in a field and select **Help > Help for this Field**.

## **Electronic Filing**

Steps for e-filing Form 1120 are the same as for e-filing Form 1040, with the exception of bankruptcy returns, which must be paper-filed.

#### **Common Error Codes**

If one or more of the following IRS error reject codes is generated when e-filing an 1120 return, the preparer must contact the IRS for further information. The IRS e-Help Desk telephone number is (866) 255-0654.

- **Reject Code F1120-307-01** Filer's TIN and "Name Control" in the return header must match data in the e-file database unless Form 1120, Item E (3), check box "Name Change" is marked.
- **Reject Code R0000-900-01** The return type indicated in the return header must match the return type established with the IRS for the EIN.
- Reject Code R0000-905-01 Electronic Filing Identification Number (EFIN) in the return header must be listed in the e-file database and in "accepted" status. If you get this reject code, you must update your e-file application to include the 1120 return type. This should be done at the IRS website. Review publication 3112 for details.
- **Reject Code R0000-932-01** If "Amended Return" or (Superseded for 1120/1120S) check box is not selected, then Taxpayer TIN in the return header must not be the same as a TIN of a previously accepted paper return for the return type and tax period indicated in the tax return.

• **Reject Code R0000-933-01** — If "Amended Return" or (Superseded for 1120/1120S) check box is not selected, then Taxpayer TIN in the return header must not be the same as a TIN of a previously accepted electronic return for the return type and tax period indicated in the tax return.

## **Special Types of Returns**

This section covers 52-53—week year returns and inactive returns. Both types of returns can be e-filed using Drake.

## **Electing a 52-53-Week Year (Initial Return)**

To elect a 52-53—week year, a *new* entity (one that has never filed a return) must enter data on both screen 1 and the **ELEC** screen.

To elect a 52-53—week year for any entity:

- **1.** In the **If not calendar year** section of screen **1**, enter the **Fiscal year beginning** and **Fiscal year ending** dates. Use MMDDYYYY format, as shown in the example in Figure 14.
- **2.** Mark the **52-53-week tax year** box.



**Figure 14:** In this example, the fiscal year begins 09/18/2013 and ends 09/24/2014 (the Wednesday closest to the end of September), giving the entity a 53-week year for 2013.

Note

An entity that has filed returns in the past must complete only steps 1 and 2 of this process. An entity that has never filed a return before must continue with steps 3 through 6.

**3.** Click the **ELEC** link to open the **Election Options** screen (Figure 15).

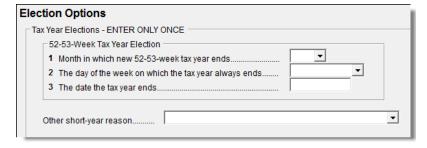


Figure 15: Elections for 52-53-week tax years

- **4.** For line 1, select the month in which the 52-53—week year ends for the current fiscal year. (01 = January, 02 = February, etc.)
- **5.** For line **2**, select the day of the week the tax year always ends.

**6.** For line **3**, enter the actual date that the tax year ends (the same date entered in the **Fiscal year ending** field on screen **1**).

Note

Once a 52-53—week year is selected, the entity must use that accounting period every year. To change accounting periods, the entity must submit to the IRS Form 3115, Application for Change in Accounting Method.

In subsequent years, only the **52-53—week tax year** check box on screen **1** must be marked; the program automatically updates the dates.

#### **Inactive Returns**

Entities that are inactive but still required to file returns may e-file *inactive* returns in Drake. To indicate that a return is inactive:

- 1. Go to the PRNT screen, accessible from the General tab.
- 2. Under Items to Print, mark the Print inactive return box.

When the return is calculated, the program displays the words "Inactive Return" on the main form of the return (specifically, in the box above line 1c). Zeros are displayed where required by the IRS in order for amounts to be properly included in the e-file data.

**IMPORTANT** 

All EF messages must be cleared in order to e-file an inactive return.

For detailed instructions on e-filing returns in Drake, see *Drake Software User's Manual: Tax Year 2013*.

## **Binary Attachments**

Binary, or PDF, files can be attached to certain tax forms. These attachments are generally signature or third-party documents such as a copy of a signed lease or a signed appraisal statement. In some instances, the IRS requires that a document be attached to an e-filed return; in other instances, a document can be attached voluntarily to support or explain an entry in the return. In either case, a PDF must be available to be attached to the return in order to be e-filed with the return.

Attach files through the PDF Attachments screen, accessible from the Electronic Filing section on the General tab of the Data Entry Menu.

#### The PDF Attachment Process

Three main steps are involved in the PDF attachment process in Drake:

- 1. Creating a PDF file to be attached
- 2. Informing the program that a PDF file will be sent with the return
- **3.** Attaching the PDF file for e-filing

These steps are described in the following sections.

# Creating a PDF File

To create a PDF file:

**1.** Scan the document to be attached to the return as a PDF document.

TIP It's a good idea to use the DDM scanning feature for this step.

**2.** Save the document to your client's DDM file, your computer's desktop, or anywhere you can readily find it.

NOTE

Many types of documents (for instance, documents created in Microsoft Word) can be printed or "saved" as PDF files if you have a PDF printer (such as Adobe Reader) installed.

# Adding PDF Files

To indicate in the software that a PDF file will be sent with the return:

- **1.** Go to the **PDF** screen in data entry.
- **2.** Fill out the columns on the screen. See Table 3 for examples.

Column	Description	Examples
Reference Source	Name or number of regulation, publication, or form instruction that makes attachments necessary	- IRS Pub xxx-1.4 - Form Instructions for 1120
Description	Description of form or document to be attached	- Title of house on Oak Street - Appraisal of Lot 1234
File name	Distinctive, easily recognizable file name, followed by ".pdf"	- TitleHouseOakSt.pdf - AppraisalLot1234.pdf

**Table 3: PDF Attachment Window** Columns

#### **3.** Exit the **PDF** screen.

Because you've indicated that a PDF file is attached, the program generates an EF message regarding the attachment when the return is calculated.

# Attaching Documents to the Return

To attach a PDF file to a return:

- 1. From the return, click **View**. If anything was entered on the **PDF** screen (see "Adding PDF Files," previously), there will be three PDF–related items in the **View/Print** window:
  - A red MESSAGES alert (see item 1 in Figure 16 on page 37)
  - An EF\_PDF~ worksheet that lists all items entered on the **PDF** screen (see item 1 in Figure 16 on page 37)
  - An **Attach PDF** button on the toolbar (item 2 in Figure 16 on page 37)

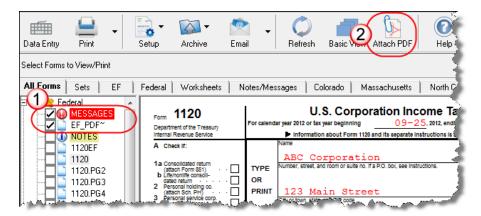


Figure 16: The red MESSAGES file and the Attach PDF button

- **2.** Click the **MESSAGES** file to view the EF message, which provides information on how to attach the required documents to the return.
- **3.** Click the **Attach PDF** button in the toolbar at the top of the window. The **EF PDF Attachments** window (Figure 17) displays the information entered on the **PDF Attachments** window in data entry. A red **X** means the document has not yet been attached; a green check mark indicates an attached document.

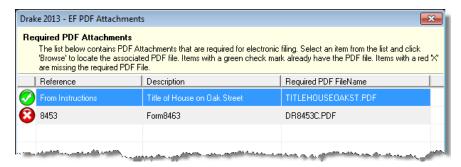


Figure 17: The EF PDF Attachments window

- **4.** Click the row of a document to attach (one with a red **X**).
- 5. Click Browse.
- **6.** Browse to the proper folder, select the PDF file to attach, and click **Open** (or double-click the file name).

Repeat for all documents with a red **X**. When all documents have been attached to a completed return, recalculate the return to make sure all EF messages have been cleared. If so, the return is ready to be e-filed.

# **Printing Generated Documents**

In some instances, Drake generates a document that must be attached to the return. For example, if Form 3115, Application for Change in Accounting Method, is present in a corporate return, EF message 1514 is generated when the return is calculated (Figure 18 on page 38).

```
1514 PDF ONLY FORM: Form 3115 can be filed only as PDF a document at this time.

To attach a PDF document to a return:

1. Scan the completed form and save it as a PDF document.
2. Go to View mode of the return.
3. Attach the scanned PDF document to the return using the PDF icon at the top of the screen.
```

**Figure 18:** EF message regarding Form 3115

As shown in Figure 18, the EF message states that attachments are required. You would need to print the form, have the proper corporation officer sign it, then scan it into the computer, save it as a PDF file, and attach it to the return.

# Form 3115, Application for Change in Accounting Method

Form 3115, Application for Change in Accounting Method, is an application to the IRS to change either an entity's overall accounting method or the accounting treatment of any item.

For corporations changing their accounting method, Form 3115 must be attached as a PDF file. We have included an EF message that will automatically generate the PDF button on the View mode toolbar so that the preparer can attach the form as a PDF. (For instructions on attaching a PDF to a return, see "Binary Attachments" on page 35, read the Screen Help or the instructions on any **PDF** screen, or read the "Attaching a PDF Document" article on the **FAQ** screen.)

Drake customers can fill out and e-file certain Forms 3115 and related schedules and attachments for corporation returns. This section provides instructions for completing this form and related schedules and attachments in Drake.

Notes

In some cases, Form 3115 must still be paper-filed. See "Parts I and III," starting on page 40, for details.

Applicants filing Form 3115 must refer to the Internal Revenue Bulletins (available at *www.irs.gov*) to determine if the IRS has published an accounting method revenue procedure, revenue ruling, notice, regulation, or other guidance relating to the specific method to be changed. See Pub. 538, Accounting Periods and Methods.

## **Accessing Screens for Changing Accounting Method**

Several screens may be required to complete Form 3115. These screens are accessible from the **Change in Accounting Method** box, located under the first **Other Forms** tab of the **Data Entry Menu**.

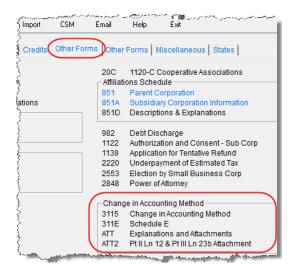


Figure 19: Screens for Form 3115, Application for Change in Accounting Method

The screens accessible from the **Change in Accounting Method** section include:

- Screen 3115 (Change in Accounting Method) Used to access fields for Form 3115, including Schedules A through D
- Screen **311E** (**Schedule E**) Used to request a change in depreciation or amortization methods
- Screen ATT (Explanations and Attachments) Used to create and view certain attachments to be generated by the software
- Screen ATT2 (Pt II Ln 12 & Pt III Ln 23b Attachment) Used to complete certain parts of Form 3115 that require specific attachments

#### Multi-form Codes

All **3115** and related screens contain a **Multi-form code** text box (shown in Figure 20 on page 40) that allows you to link a screen or attachment to a particular Form 3115.

If submitting more than one Form 3115, assign a multi-form code to each new application you create in Drake. The first should be 1, the second 2, and so on. When using other screens, such as the **311E** or **ATT** screens, you can use those numbers to indicate which instance of Form 3115 the **311E** or **ATT** screen should be associated with.

NOTE

If only one Form 3115 is being submitted, you do not need to enter anything in the **Multi-form code** box.

#### Form 3115 Screens

When you open the **3115** screen from the **Data Entry Menu**, the program displays the first of five **3115** screens. These five screens are:

- Parts I, III (Form 3115, Parts I and III)
- Parts II, IV (Form 3115, Parts II and IV)
- A, B, C (Form 3115, Schedules A, B, and C)
- **D I, II** (Form 3115, Schedule D, Parts I and II)

• **D - III** (Form 3115, Schedule D, Part III)

As shown in Figure 20, you can access these **3115** screens by clicking a link at the top of any other **3115** screen.

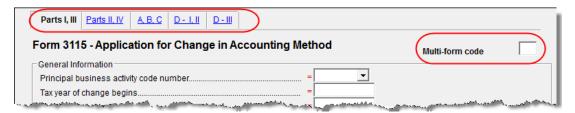


Figure 20: Tab links on 3115 screen

The next few sections of this document provide instructions for completing the various screens for Form 3115 (including Schedules A through D).

Parts I and III Use the Parts I, III screen to complete the following sections of Form 3115:

- General Information
- Part I, Information For Automatic Change Request
- Part III, Information For Advance Consent Request

NOTE Information should be entered in either the **Part I** section or the **Part III** section, but not both.

# General Information

Complete all applicable fields in the **General Information** section. Note that the fields for business activity and tax-year change are override fields (Figure 21). Complete these fields only if you want to override the equivalent information entered on screen **1** or screen **K**.

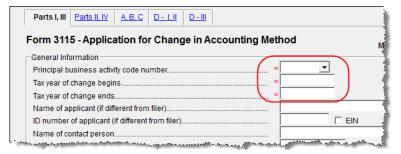


Figure 21: Override fields in the General Information sections of the Parts I, III screen

- Part I Not all applicants are eligible to use the automatic change request procedures. After answering 1a, 1b, and 2 in Part I Information for Automatic Change Request, click the blue Parts II, IV tab at the top of the screen.
- Part II Information for All Requests, answer question 3 (see Figure 22 on page 41). If the answer is Yes, you are stating that:
  - The entity would be required to take the entire amount of the section 481(a) adjustment into account in computing taxable income for the year of change.

 Section 4.02(8) of Rev. Proc. 2012-14 applies to the applicant's accounting method change request, and the applicant is therefore not eligible for a change under automatic change request procedures. (See IRS Form 3115 instructions for details.)

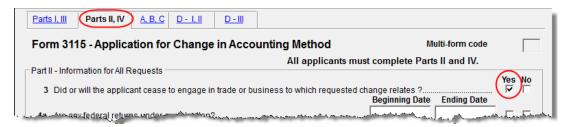


Figure 22: Automatic Change Request information

Part III If this section of the Parts I, III screen is filled out, Form 3115 cannot be e-filed with the return. It must instead be paper-filed *before* submitting the return. A user fee (a check or money order payable to the IRS) must be included with the paper-filed form.



See Appendix A of Rev. Proc. 2012-1 for more information. For more on applicants who must apply for advance consent, see the IRS Form 3115 instructions.

Taxpayers filing under an automatic change request procedure do not pay a user fee.

If the applicant qualifies for a *reduced* user fee, enter a check mark on line **23b** and go to screen **ATT2** to complete the attachment information for Part III, line 23b (located in the bottom half of the screen). Include the necessary information or certification required by Rev. Proc. 2012-1 (or its successor).

Specific statements must also be attached to the return if the applicant answers **Yes** for line **18** ("Is change request allowed under automatic change?") or **No** for line **22** ("All members of consolidated group use proposed method?"). Press F1 in a specific field for more information on attachment requirements. The method for attaching statements in Drake is covered in "Attachments," starting on page 46.

# Parts II and

In addition to the **Multi-form code** text box, the **Parts II, IV** screen consists of the **Part II** and **Part IV** sections, used to complete the following sections of Form 3115:

- Part II, Information For All Requests
- Part IV, Section 481(a) Adjustment

Applicants must complete both sections of this screen. For more information on each line (including instructions for any required attachments), press F1 in a specific field.

#### Part II, Line 12

Note that there is no field on the **Parts II, IV** screen for Part II, line 12. Fields for line 12, which should be completed if the applicant is changing *only* the accounting method for a particular item or items, are located in the top half of **ATT2** screen. Use these fields to enter information on:

The items being changed

- The applicant's present and proposed methods for the items being changed
- The applicant's present overall method of accounting (cash, accrual, or hybrid)

Note that the bottom half of the **ATT2** screen is for completing Part III, line 23b. Only the top half (for Part II, line 12) needs to be completed for Part II, line 12.

#### Schedules A, B, and C

Use the A, B, C screen to complete the following sections of Form 3115:

- Schedule A, Change in Overall Method of Accounting (screen covers Part 1, Change in Overall Method)
- Schedule B, Change to the Deferral Method for Advance Payments
- Schedule C, Changes Within the LIFO Inventory Method (screen covers both Part I, General LIFO Information, and Part II, Change in Pooling Inventories)

Note

Schedule A, Part II (Change to the Cash Method for Advance Consent Request) requires attachments and is not addressed on the **A**, **B**, **C** screen.

#### Schedule A

This section is required for all applicants filing to change their overall method of accounting. It requires the entry of amounts as they were at the close of the tax year preceding the year of the requested change.

Note

Leave blank any lines that aren't required for the entity's application. Exclude amounts not attributable to the change in method of accounting—for example, amounts that correct a math or posting error, or that correct errors in calculating tax liability.

The IRS requires a worksheet for lines 1a, 1c, 1d, 1e, and 1f of Schedule A. When you enter an amount on any of these lines in Drake, a Ctrl+W worksheet is automatically opened, allowing you to begin entering the descriptions and amounts of multiple items for the worksheet. When you close a Ctrl+W worksheet, the program returns to the original screen and displays the total in the field. The field is shaded (default is red) to indicate that a Ctrl+W worksheet has been used.

NOTE

If nothing is entered in a Schedule A field, the program automatically displays the word "NONE" in the field on the generated form.

#### Schedule B

This section has just two lines, both referring to the request for deferral for advance payments:

- Line 1 Request change to the deferral method for advance payments (from section 5.02 of Rev. Proc. 2004-34)
- Line 2 Request change to the deferral method for advance payments (from section 1.451-5(b)(1)(ii))

See IRS Form 3115 instructions for more information on making these requests.

#### **Schedule C** This section has two parts:

- Part I (General LIFO Information) This section is made up of attachment links. If any of the conditions on lines 1–6 match the entity's situation, click the corresponding attachment link to access the ATT screen, where you can complete the required statement. (Select the corresponding line code from the Schedule drop list on the ATT screen.)
- Part II (Change in Pooling Inventories) Enter the descriptions of the contents and the base years of the present and proposed pools. If any of the conditions on lines 2–4 match the entity's situation, click the corresponding attachment link to access the ATT screen, where you can complete the required statement.

# Schedule D, Parts I and II

Use the **D** - **I**, **II** screen to complete the following parts of Form 3115, Schedule D, Change in the Treatment of Long-Term Contracts Under Section 460, Inventories, or Other Section 263A Assets:

- Part I, Change in Reporting Income From Long-Term Contracts
- Part II, Change in Valuing Inventories Including Cost Allocation Changes

Note

If an entity is currently using a LIFO inventory method or submethod and is changing to another LIFO inventory method or submethod, Part II of Schedule D is not applicable. Use Schedule C, Changes Within the LIFO Inventory Method, instead.

#### Schedule D, Part I

A long-term contract refers to any contract for the manufacture, building, installation, or construction of property that is not completed in the tax year in which it is entered into. Answer the questions in **Part I** that apply to the entity's situation.

#### Schedule D, Part II

This section concerns changes in the identification and valuation methods of inventories. Note that some lines require attachments. To access the **ATT** screen and complete a required statement, click the desired attachment link.

The items on this part of the screen match the items on the actual Form 3115, Schedule D. For information on completing individual lines, see the Form 3115 instructions.

Note

If the entity is unable to furnish a copy of Form 970 (line **5a**), the attachment must include the following statement:

"I certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief (name of applicant) properly elected the LIFO inventory method by filing Form 970 with its return for the tax year(s) ended (insert date(s)) and otherwise complied with the provisions of section 472(d) and Regulations section 1.472-3."

#### Schedule D, Part III

Use the **D** - **III** screen to complete Part III (Method of Cost Allocation) of Form 3115, Schedule D. Part III is required for any entity submitting either Part I or Part II. Screen **D** - **III** consists of the following sections:

- Section A, Allocation and Capitalization Methods
- Section B, Direct and Indirect Costs Required to be Allocated
- Section C, Other Costs Not Required to be Allocated

#### **Section A**

Click the **D3-1 Attachment** link (see Figure 23 on page 44) to attach a description of the present and proposed methods used to capitalize direct and indirect costs.

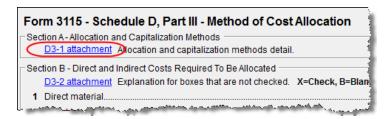


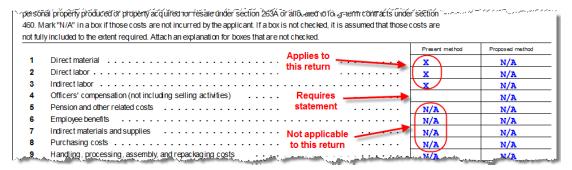
Figure 23: Link to ATT screen for attaching statements

# Sections B and C

Sections B and C consist of a series of drop lists under a **Present** column and a **Proposed** column. "Present" refers to the current accounting method, while "proposed" refers to the requested change in accounting methods. You should address only the items necessary; do not make a selection for any item for which an answer is not required for the entity's situation.

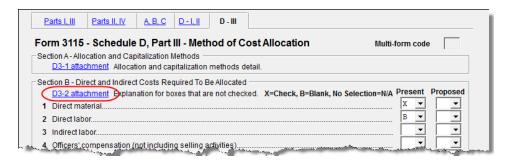
For each item in sections **B** and **C**, you can:

- Select X If you select X, the corresponding box on Form 3115 will be marked with an X. (See Figure 24.)
- **Select B** If you select **B**, the corresponding box on Form 3115 will be left blank and an attachment will be required explaining why the line was left blank. (EF messages will outline which statements are missing.
- **Select nothing** If you select neither of the above options, "N/A" will appear in the corresponding box on Form 3115. No attachment is necessary for a box marked "N/A."



**Figure 24: X** was selected for column 1, lines 1-3; **B** was selected for column 1, line 4; nothing has yet been selected for any other line.

To attach a statement for section **B** or **C**, click the **D3-2 Attachment** link at the top of Section B (Figure 25 on page 45). A single statement may contain all necessary explanations for sections **B** and **C**.



**Figure 25:** If any box is marked "B," click the **D3-2 Attachment** link to open the **ATT** screen and complete the fields for an attached statement.

#### Schedule E

Use screen **311E**, accessible from the **Other Forms** tab, to complete Schedule E, Change in Depreciation or Amortization.

Note

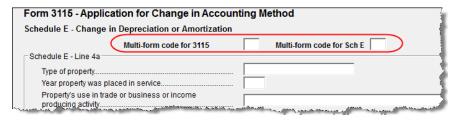
If changing this method under the automatic change request procedures, see the "List of Automatic Accounting Method Changes" in the IRS Form 3115 instructions.

#### Screen 311E Multi-form Codes

Unlike the other 3115 screens, screen 311E contains two multi-form code text boxes:

- Multi-form code for 3115 This box is applicable if the return contains more than one Form 3115. Enter the code for the instance of the 3115 screen with which this 311E screen should be associated.
- Multi-form code for Sch E This box is applicable if the return contains more than one Schedule E. (A separate 311E screen should be used for each property.)
   Assign each property a separate code in its Multi-form code for Sch E. This code enables you to associate any attachments with the correct Schedule E property. (See "Attachments" on page 46.)

If the return contains more than one Form 3115 and multiple instances of Schedule E, both multi-code fields should contain numbers. Figure 26 shows that the third instance of a Schedule E is to be associated with the second Form 3115 in the return.



**Figure 26:** Example of third instance of a Schedule E to be associated with the second instance of a Form 3115.

# Completing Schedule E

The **311E** screen consists of four sections:

• Schedule E - Line 4a — Enter information on the type of property, the year it was placed in service, and the property's use.

- Schedule E Change in Depreciation or Amortization This section covers all Schedule E items other than lines 4a and 7. Note that lines 5 and 6 are links to required attachments.
- Schedule E Line 7 Present Method and Schedule E Line 7 Proposed Method For the line 7 sections, enter information on the Present Method and Proposed Method in the supplied text boxes and choose the applicable convention from the Applicable Convention drop list. Options are as follows:
  - **HY** Half-Year
- MM Mid-month
- **MQ** Mid-quarter
- S/L Straight line

#### **Attachments**

Attached statements are required for many Form 3115 items. Depending on the nature of the attachment, you will attach statements to the form in one of two primary ways:

- From data entry The ATT screen is the most common screen for attaching statements to Form 3115. The ATT2 screen is used for Part II, line 12, and Part III, line 23b. (See the "Parts I and III" on page 40 and "Parts II and IV" on page 41 sections for more information on completing the ATT2 screen for these items.)
- From View mode Used for PDF attachments.

# ATT Screen Attachments

There are two ways to access the **ATT** screen in Drake:

- From the Data Entry Menu In the Change in Accounting Method section of the Other Forms tab, click ATT. (See Figure 19 on page 39.)
- From the line that requires an attachment As shown in Figure 27, some lines have attachment links. Click an attachment link to open the ATT screen.

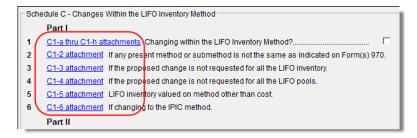


Figure 27: Attachment links from Schedule C (screen A, B, C)



Not all lines that require statements include a link to the **ATT** screen. Always check the field-level help (press F1 in a field) to determine if a statement is required. The program produces an EF message if any required statements are missing.

Complete the following ATT fields, as applicable, for all ATT screen attachments:

• **Multi-form codes** — Use these boxes to associate the attachment with an instance of Form 3115 (if the return contains more than one), a particular Sched-

- ule E property (if the return contains more than one Schedule E), or both. (See "Multi-form Codes" on page 39 for more information on multi-form codes.)
- Schedule Select the line of the form or schedule with which the attachment is to be associated. If an item begins with a number, it refers to the part of Form 3115 (for example, 2-4e refers to Part II, line 4e). If it begins with a letter, it refers to a particular Form 3115 schedule (for example, C2-b refers to Schedule C, line 2b; C2-5 refers to Schedule C, Part 2, line 5).
- **Explanation** Enter the statement explanation. If the explanation requires more than 900 characters, press PAGE DOWN for a second screen.

NOTE

If the explanation requires more than seven screens, only the first 6,500 characters of the explanation are transmitted with an e-filed Form 3115. There is no character limit for paper-filed returns.

# Additional ATT Fields

The ATT screen has a separate section to be used only for Part II, line 10. The IRS requires that the attached statement, in addition to providing an explanation, include the taxpayer's name and ID number. Enter the name and ID number, and indicate if the ID number is an EIN, in the applicable fields at the bottom of the ATT screen (Figure 28).



**Figure 28:** Special section for entering taxpayer name and ID number for Part II, line 10; located at bottom of the **ATT** screen.

#### PDF Attachments

Some Form 3115 items require the attachment of documents that cannot be created in Drake Software; for example, line 4d of Part II requires written consent from a director. You can, however, attach such a document to the form as a PDF.

See the **PDF** screen for directions on generating and attaching PDF documents. Click the **Screen Help** button for directions on converting other types of documents into PDF

Notes

Do not enter data on the **PDF** screen itself. If using the directions provided on that screen, skip Step 2 of the "Attach a PDF Document" section, which instructs you to fill out the columns at the bottom of the **PDF** screen.

A PDF document may be attached using any filename. When you attach the document, the program automatically assigns it the filename required by the IRS.

When the return is generated, an "EF Attachments" worksheet is produced. (See Figure 29 on page 48.) This worksheet shows, in table format, the **Reference** (section of Form 3115), the **Description**, and the IRS-required **Filename** of each required PDF document. This worksheet is displayed as EF\_PDF~ in View mode.

Figure 29: Example of an EF Attachments worksheet

# Notices of Missing Attachments

In addition to Form 3115 and related schedules and statements, the program produces EF messages (as applicable) when the return is calculated. All forms, schedules, EF messages, and worksheets are accessible from View mode.

EF messages for Form 3115 provide information about required attachments (including PDF attachments) that are missing from the return. Some messages list all statements required for a particular section but do not indicate which statements, specifically, are missing. To best understand which attachments are still required, compare the **ATT** screen and the EF\_PDF~ worksheet to the list on the EF message page.

Note

All EF messages must be eliminated before the return is eligible for e-file. EF messages for Form 3115 attachments are eliminated when all required statements have been attached to the return.

# **Importing Trial Balance Information**

Drake's trial balance import feature allows data to be imported into an 1120 return from a trial balance worksheet. The trial balance template and importing function has the following benefits:

- Eliminates the need to duplicate entries
- Reduces data entry errors by automatically importing data to the correct fields
- Allows preparers to merge basic accounting functions with tax preparation

NOTE

A flow chart of the trial balance importing process is available as an appendix at the end of this manual.

## **Preparing to Use Trial Balance Import**

The trial balance import function can be used only on returns that were created in Drake 2008 or later. If you haven't already, create a client file in Drake or update an existing client file from the prior year. Like several other functions of the tax software, this feature requires Microsoft Excel (version 2000 or later).

In addition, take these actions to ensure the trial balance import works properly:

• **Enable Macros** — The trial balance import function uses macros in Microsoft Excel. Check your Excel settings to ensure that macros are activated and that

macro security is set to "medium." To do so, go to **Tools > Options** in Excel and select the **Security** tab. Click **Macro Security** and select **Medium**, then click **OK**.

Note

In Excel 2007 and 2010, click the **Office** button in the upper left and then click the **Excel Options** button at the bottom of the window. (In Excel 2013, click the **File** tab then select **Options** from the menu on the left.) Next, select **Trust Center** from the list at left, then click the **Trust Center Settings** button. Select **Macro Settings** from the list on the left, then choose **Disable all macros with notification**. Click **OK** and then **OK**.

- **Disable Autobalance** When autobalance is disabled, the program is prevented from automatically adjusting the year-end retained earnings or capital amounts, thus allowing you to see any discrepancies in the balance sheet. To disable autobalance, go to the **PRNT** screen and select **Turn off autobalance**.
- Force Schedule L By default, the program does not display the balance sheet amounts on the return if the entity does not meet the filing requirement. If this is the case, you must override the default in order to have the amounts shown on Schedule L. To force the Schedule L amounts to be printed, go to the PRNT screen and select the applicable check box (Figure 30).

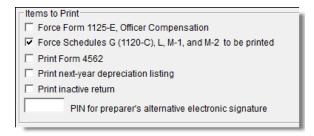


Figure 30: Check box for forcing Schedule L

• Check for Detail Worksheets — The trial balance import allows only those detail worksheets required by the IRS. Check updated returns for detail (CTRL+W) worksheets that are *not* required. For example, the IRS does not require a detail worksheet for the Gross receipts or sales field on the INC screen; if a return has a detail worksheet for that field, the trial balance will not be imported correctly into the return. Detail worksheets are indicated by red shading, as shown in Figure 31.

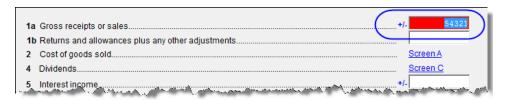


Figure 31: Example of an "unnecessary" detail worksheet

Remove unnecessary detail worksheets prior to import. See "Detail Worksheets" on page 52 for more information on using detail worksheets in the trial balance.

## **Preparing Financial Data for Import**

To prepare the financial data for importing into the return, the data must be entered into Drake's specially designed trial balance template. Once this information is entered and saved, it can be imported into the return.

#### Opening a Template

The first step in preparing financial data for importing is to open a trial balance template for the return and enter the financial data.

To open a trial balance template for a return:



- **1.** Open the return to the **Data Entry Menu**.
- 2. Click Import > Trial Balance Import in the menu toolbar. The preliminary Trial Balance Import dialog box is opened.
- **3.** Click **Create New** or **Open Existing**. If opening an existing file, click **Open** after selecting the correct file.
- **4.** If a **Security Warning** box appears, click **Enable Macros**.

Note

In Excel 2007 and 2010, you may see a **Security Warning** message with an **Options** button. Click **Options** to open the **Security Options** dialog box, then select **Enable this content**. Click **OK**. (In Excel 2013, click **Enable Content**.)

The trial balance template is displayed in Microsoft Excel.

# Naming Convention

Whenever a new template is opened, the tax software assigns it a default file location and name. Trial balance templates are saved in the TB folder of your Drake13 software. The file name consists of the client name as entered in Drake, plus "TB" for "trial balance," plus the ".xls" extension assigned to all Excel files, as shown in Figure 32.

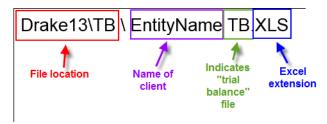


Figure 32: Example of trial balance template file name

To change the name of a file in Excel, select **File > Save As** and assign the new name.

Note

If saving a trial balance to a different location, make a note of where you are storing it. The program automatically looks in the default directory.

#### **Template Structure**

The trial balance template consists of three title rows and six columns. The **Entity Name** and **Year End** title rows can be edited; double-click a row to change the title. Columns are described in Table 4.

Column	Description
Account Title	Title of account
Debit/Credit	Debit and credit amounts
Import to	Screen and line in Drake to which the debit or credit amount is imported
Form, Page, Sch, and/or line	Location of the amount on the printed return
Other information	Additional details for preparers; see "Details for Preparers" on page 54.

**Table 4:** Trial Balance Template Columns

Displayed at the bottom of the trial balance worksheet are the calculated amount for Schedule M-1, line 1; the credit and debit totals; and a cell showing whether or not the balance sheet is out of balance and, if applicable, the out-of-balance amount (Figure 33; see also Figure 36 on page 53).

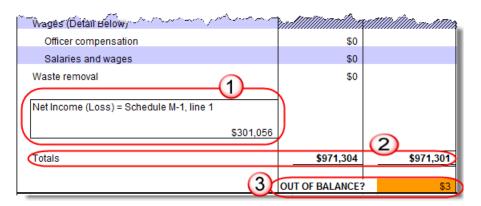


Figure 33: Schedule M-1 amount (1); totals (2); and indication of balance (3)

Following are instructions and guidelines for using the trial balance template to assemble financial data for importing into data entry.

## **Entering Financial Data**

When a new trial balance file is opened for a return, all debit and credit amounts are zero (\$0). All data must be entered manually into the template.



Some data cannot be imported from the trial balance worksheet and must be entered directly into the data entry fields within the program. For more on these categories of data, see "Special Conditions" on page 54.

#### **Direct Entry**

Most cells in the trial balance worksheet are view-only. In a new template, editable debit and credit cells are indicated by a dollar amount (\$0).

# Detail Worksheets

Some cells require more detail than can be entered on a single line. These cells are indicated by buttons (Figure 34). (Buttons do not work if macros are disabled; see "Opening a Template" on page 50.)

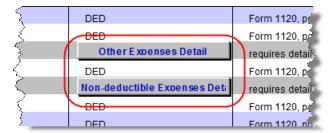


Figure 34: Example of cells that require worksheets

Click a worksheet button to open a worksheet in a new tab. Figure 35 shows an example of the "Other Income" worksheet.

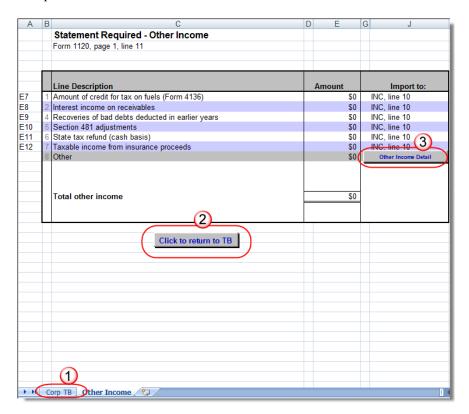


Figure 35: Trial balance worksheet for "Other Income"

To return to the previous worksheet, click the **Corp TB** tab (labeled "1" in Figure 35), or click the **Return** button above the worksheet tabs (labeled "2" in Figure 35). Note that a detail tab (the "Other Income" tab in Figure 35) might include one or more detail worksheets (labeled "3" in Figure 35).

NOTE

Do not create detail worksheets in data entry if the trial balance worksheet does not provide an equivalent detail worksheet. Otherwise, the trial balance will not be imported correctly.

**Totals** Totals are displayed at the bottom of each worksheet. If credit and debit columns are out of balance, the worksheet highlights the out-of-balance amount (Figure 36).

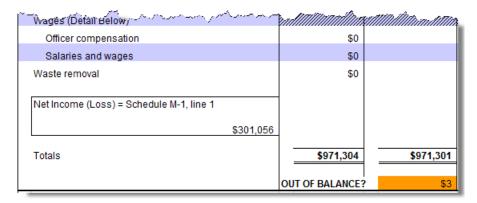


Figure 36: Out-of-balance amount is highlighted if columns are out of balance.

In addition to credit and debit totals, the main trial balance worksheet shows the net income (loss) to be calculated for line 1 of Schedule M-1 after all entries and adjustments are made in the software (see Figure 30 on page 49).

NOTE

The data cannot be imported if the worksheet is out of balance.

## Saving a File

To save a file, click the **Save** icon or select **File > Save** from the menu bar. To re-name a file when saving, select **File > Save As**. For more information on file names in the trial balance program, see "Naming Convention" on page 50.

## Importing Data into a Return

Note

Not all trial balance data can be imported directly into a return. For information on program limitations, see "Special Conditions" on page 54.

Once a trial balance worksheet has been set up for a client in Drake, the trial balance information can be imported into the program and calculated into the return.

Note

If you are already in the Trial Balance Import tool for the selected return, go to the **Trial Balance Import** window in Drake and start at Step 3 of the following procedure.

To import a trial balance into a return:



- **1.** Open the return to which you will import the trial balance information.
- 2. Click **Import > Trial Balance Import** from the menu toolbar. The preliminary **Trial Balance Import** dialog box is opened.
- 3. Click Next.

**4.** Enter or select the trial balance file to be imported. Use the **Browse** feature if necessary. By default, each trial balance file is an Excel (.xls) file showing the client name and ending in "TB" for trial balance, as shown in the example in Figure 37. (See "Naming Convention" on page 50.)



Figure 37: Selected file to import

- **5.** Select the **Trial Balance Additional Import Options**. (See "Additional Import Options" following this procedure.)
- **6.** Click **Next** and wait for the import to be completed.
- 7. Click Finish.

The program returns to the **Data Entry Menu** for the open return. Note that all selected data from the trial balance worksheet has been imported into the return. This can be seen both in the data entry screens and on the generated return.

# Additional Import Options

The program can import the following additional information when importing the trial balance data: (Select the items to import or click **Select All**.)

Goodwill & other intangible assets Land

Accumulated amortization Cost of goods sold (COGS) depreciation

## **Special Conditions**

Some trial balance items cannot be entered into the trial balance worksheet and must be typed directly into Drake data entry. Other items should be entered into the worksheet for balance purposes but are not carried to data entry; these must be entered separately and the calculated results compared to the trial balance worksheet.

#### Details for Preparers

Most trial balance items go directly to the location indicated in the program and on the return. For example, the amounts shown in Figure 38 go to Schedule L, line 1, column d in the program and are shown on page 5, line 1, column d of the 1120 return.

Debit	Credit	Import to (screen, line):	Form, Page, Sch and/or line
\$10,000		L, line 1, col d	Form 1120, Sch L, line 1, col d
\$50,000		L, line 2a, col c	Form 1120, Sch L, line 2a, col c
and the second	000,000	Luline 2b, colc	Form 112A Onh A line 2b, col co. and

Figure 38: Indication of where an amount will go in Drake and on the return

Not all figures can be imported directly, however, and some amounts are optional. Use the "Other Information" column in the trial balance worksheet to indicate special con-

ditions and additional information regarding certain rows. Table 5 describes the most common notes in this column.

Note	Description
not included in totals	The amount is required for importing purposes only but is not included in the totals shown on the trial balance.
does not import	Information cannot be imported and must be entered on the appropriate screen in Drake. Screen is specified in "Form, Page, Sch" column to the left of "Other Information."
optional	Amount is optional; not required for import, but could require direct entry in the software.
enter deficit as negative number	Some deficits must be entered as negative numbers.
import includes the calculated change in inventory	Used for "total purchases;" when calculating cost of goods sold (COGS) in the return, the program takes the change in inventory into account for the Schedule A calculation.
[Form or Schedule] may be required	Non-financial information (such as names of officers for a Schedule E) must be completed in Drake, in addition to the financial data entered in the worksheet.

**Table 5:** "Other Information" Column Notes

All "does not import" notes are accompanied by further instructions in the column to the left of the "Other Information" column, as shown in Figure 39.

#### **SCH2 Detail**

Typically, a balance sheet subsidiary schedule (**SCH2** detail screen for Schedule L) is required for an item marked "does not import" on the trial balance (Figure 39).

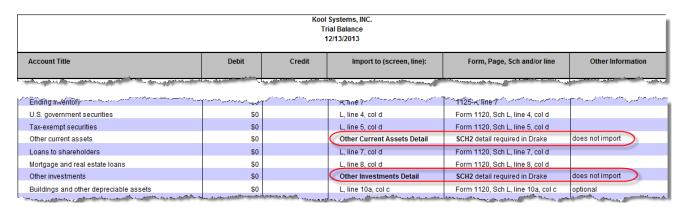


Figure 39: SCH2 screen required for "does not import" items

To complete an SCH2 detail screen in data entry:

- **1.** Open the **SCH2** screen for the return.
- **2.** Select the line number from the **Line Number** drop list.

**3.** Enter the applicable item descriptions and beginning- and end-of-year totals.

Note

Alternately, open screen **L** and click the **SCH2 Screen** link for the line your wish to enter.

To enter details for additional lines of the Schedule L, press PAGE DOWN and repeat steps 2 and 3. Data is saved automatically upon entry.

When the return is produced, the Schedule L of the return reflects both the amounts imported from the trial balance worksheet and the totals of the amounts entered on the **SCH2** screen.

#### **Depreciation**

On an 1120 return, total depreciation consists of COGS depreciation, which is reported on Form 1125-A, Cost of Goods Sold, and any remaining depreciation, which is reported on page 1 of the return. For trial balance purposes, enter depreciation amounts directly into the appropriate fields on the trial balance worksheet.

When the trial balance is imported, the COGS depreciation expense amount flows directly to the appropriate line of Form 1125-A on the return. Because the remaining depreciation can comprise any number of assets, the amount entered on the trial balance does *not* flow to the return. To ensure that each component of the total remaining depreciation is calculated into the return, each asset must be entered on the applicable depreciation screens in data entry.

Note

Entering the remainder of the depreciation on the trial balance worksheet helps ensure that the balance sheet balances and provides a way to check that the amount on line 1 of Schedule M-1 is correct. Compare the calculated line 1 at the bottom of the trial balance to the equivalent line on Schedule M-1 of the calculated return. If the depreciation amounts match but the line 1 amounts differ, an M-1 adjustment could be required.

# **Appendix A: Trial Balance Import**

The trial balance import allows data to be imported into a corporate tax return from a trial balance worksheet.

Drake's specially designed trial balance template and importing function has the following benefits:

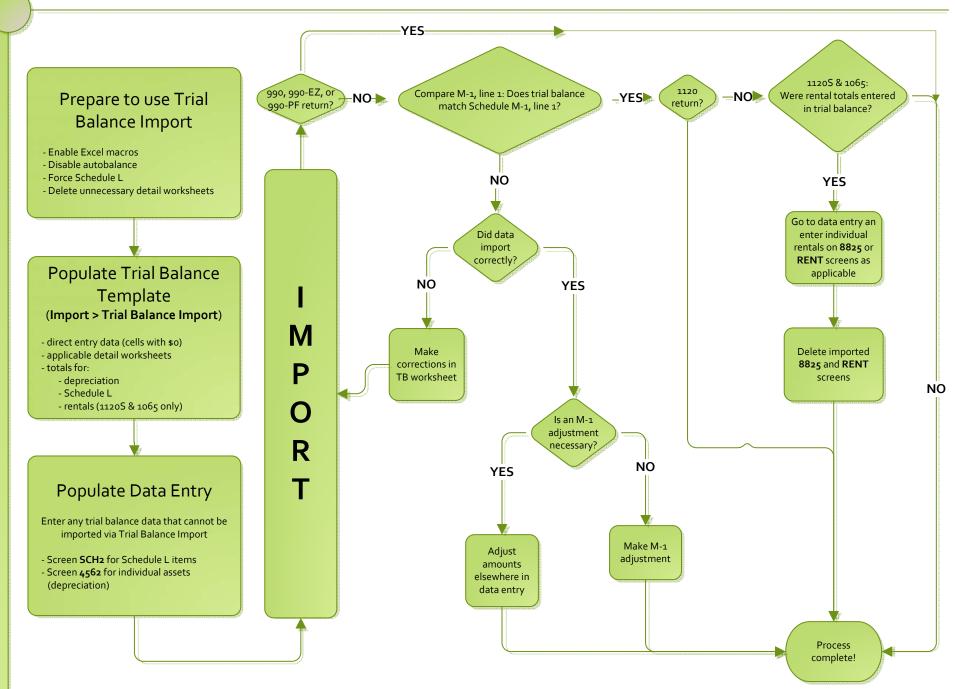
- Eliminates the need to duplicate entries
- Eliminates data entry errors by automatically importing data to the correct fields
- Allows preparers to merge basic accounting functions with tax preparation

See next page for a flow chart describing the use of the trial balance import.

Tax Year 2013 A-1

# Trial Balance Import: General Process





# Index

Α	contributions, charitable 11, 29
accounting method	controlled groups 13, 27
changing 38, ??–48	converting to 1120 4
address	cost of goods sold, see Schedule A (Cost of Goods Sold)
change of 5	coversheets 32
e-mail 22	credit for tax on fuels 8
entering on Form 1120 4	credits and adjustments 28
adjustment fields 33	Ctrl+W (detail) worksheets 7, 12, 42, 49
adjustments and credits 28	
advertising expenses 12	D
affiliated groups 17	<del>-</del>
alternative minimum tax (AMT) 27	data entry
amended returns 16	trial balance import 51
amortization 12, 23	debts, bad 10
apportionment	deductions and income 5–12
plan status 28	depletion 11
attachments	depreciation
binary 35–38	and auto-balance errors 24
PDF, see PDF files	expense 11
to Form 3115 38, 43	for cost of goods sold (Schedule A) 7
auto-balance 24, 32	on short-year returns 5
auto-barance 24, 32	trial balance (business returns only) 56
_	detail (Ctrl+W) worksheets 7, 12, 42, 49
В	direct debit of balance due 14–15
bad debts 8, 10	Domestic Production Activities 12
bankruptcy 33	domestic production activities deduction 12
book-to-tax difference (Schedule M-1) 25	
brother-sister group 28	E
8 - 4	<del>-</del>
•	EF status 1
С	e-filing new features in Drake 33
Calculations Results window 1	PDF documents 35–38
calendar years 5	electronic
capital gains and losses 8	
carryover of NOLs 12, 29	funds withdrawal (direct debit) 14
cash (accounting method) 42	signatures (PIN) 16
change of name or address 5	entertainment and meals 12
Changes on-the-fly 31	envelope coversheets 32
charitable contributions 11, 29	e-pad signatures 2
codes	error codes 33
error/reject 33	estimated tax worksheet 32
miscellaneous (screen 1) 22	estimates 13, 32
multi-form 39, 45, 46	extensions 15, 32
state 20	
combined group 28	F
compensation of officers 9	FBAR 3
consolidated returns 7	filing instructions 32
contact information (for state returns) 22	final returns

Tax Year 2013 vii

indicating in the program 5	I
updating 3	importing trial balance 48-56
fiscal year returns 5	inactive returns 35
foreign ownership 19	income and deductions 5–12
FOREIGNUS 9	instructions for filing 32
Form 1120-C (U.S. Income Tax Return for Cooperative	insurance proceeds, income from 8
Associations) 4	interest
Form 1120-H (U.S. Income Tax Return for Homeowners	expense 10
Associations) 4	income 7, 8
Form 2220 (Underpayment of Estimated Tax By Corporations) 13, 32	inventory 6
Form 3115 (Application for Change in Accounting Method) 38–48	L
Form 4466 (Corporation Application for Quick Refund of	life insurance companies 28
Overpayment of Estimated Tax) 13, 32	limitations
Form 4797 (Sales of Business Property) 8	meals and entertainment 12
Form 5884 (Work Opportunity Credit) 28	on NOL deductions 29
Form 6252 (Installment Sale Income) 7	on NOL deductions 2)
Form 6478 (Alcohol and Cellulosic Biofuel Fuels Credit)	М
8, 28 Form (7/5) (Condit for Ingressing Research Astinities) 28	M-2 out of balance, troubleshooting 26
Form 6765 (Credit for Increasing Research Activities) 28	maintenance costs 10
Form 7004 (Application for Automatic Extension of Time	
to File) 15, 32	meals and entertainment 12
Form 8050 (Direct Deposit of Corporate Tax Refund) 14	Multi-State Apportionment 20
Form 8820 (Orphan Drug Credit) 28	
Form 8844 (Empowerment Zone and Renewal Community	N
Credit) 28	net operating losses (NOL) 12, 29
Form 8845 (Indian Employment Credit) 28	new features in Drake 1
Form 8846 (Credit for Employer Social Security and Medi-	next-year depreciation listing 32
care Taxes Paid on Certain Employee Tips) 10, 28	next year depreciation insting 32
Form 8864 (Biodiesel and Renewable Diesel Fuels Credit)	
8, 28	0
Form 8873 (Extraterritorial Income Exclusion) 12	officer compensation 9
Form 8881 (Credit for Small Employer Pension Plan Start-	ordinary gains and losses 8
up Costs) 28	Other Deductions 12
Form 8903 (Domestic Production Activities Deduction) 12	other income (loss) 8
Form 8912 (Credit to Holders of Tax Credit Bonds) 28	out-of-balance M-2, troubleshooting 26
Form 8932 (Credit for Employer Differential Wage Pay-	overrides 33
ments) 29	ownership
Form 8941 (Credit for Small Employer Health Insurance	foreign 19
Premiums) 29	of stock 17–19
Form 8941 (Credit for Small Employer Health-Insurance	percentages 9
Premiums) 12	percentages
G	P
	parent-subsidiary group 17, 28
gains and losses 8	PDF documents, e-filing 35-38
gross receipts 6	Pension and Profit-Sharing 12
	percentage, stock and ownership 9
H	PIN (electronic) signatures 16
header information 4	printing
nouse information t	statements for Schedule L 23
	suppressing/forcing 31
	prior-year returns, updating 3

viii Tax Year 2013

R	signing the return 16
receipts 6	state
references to forms and worksheets 32	codes 20
refunds	tax refunds 8
direct deposit of 14	stock ownership 17–19
state tax 8	
reject codes 33	T
rent paid on business property 10	-
rental & royalty income 7	tax
repair costs 10	alternative minimum (AMT) 27
Resident State 20	and payments 12
resident state 22	-exempt interest 7
returns	on fuels (credit for) 8
consolidated 7	-to-book difference 25
converting from another type 4	years (fiscal vs calendar) 5
fiscal and calendar year 5	taxes and licenses 10
tax-exempt organizations (990) 35–38	trial balance import 7, 23, 24, 48–56
updating 3	troubleshooting the M-2 26
updating 5	
	U
S	
salaries 9	underpayment of estimated tax 13
SCH2 screen (for Schedule L) 23	updating a prior-year return 3
Schedule A (Cost of Goods Sold) 6–7, 24	
Schedule B (Additional Information for M-3 Filers) 26	V
Schedule C (Dividends & Special Deductions) 7	vouchers 13
Schedule D, Form 3115 43	vouchers 15
Schedule E (Compensation of Officers) 31	
Schedule G (Information on Certain Persons Owning the	W
Corporation's Voting Stock) 31	wages 9
Schedule G (Schedule G (Information on Certain Persons	
Owning the Corporation's Voting Stock)) 18	
Schedule K 17	
Schedule K, line 13 19	
Schedule K, line 3 17	
Schedule K, line 4 18	
Schedule K, line 5 18	
Schedule K, line 7 19	
Schedule K-1 19	
Schedule L (Balance Sheet per Books) 22–24, 31	
Schedule M-1 (Reconciliation of Books with Return) 25,	
31	
Schedule M-2 (Unappropriated Returned Earnings) 26, 31	
Schedule M-3 (Reconciliation of Books with Return) 25	
Schedule O (Consent Plan & Apportionment Schedule for	
a Controlled Group) 27	
schedules on Form 3115 ??–46	
section	
263A costs 6	
481 8	
Selector field 2	
short-year return 5	
signatures, electronic 2	
signatures, electronic (PIN) 16	

Tax Year 2013 ix

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x Tax Year 2013